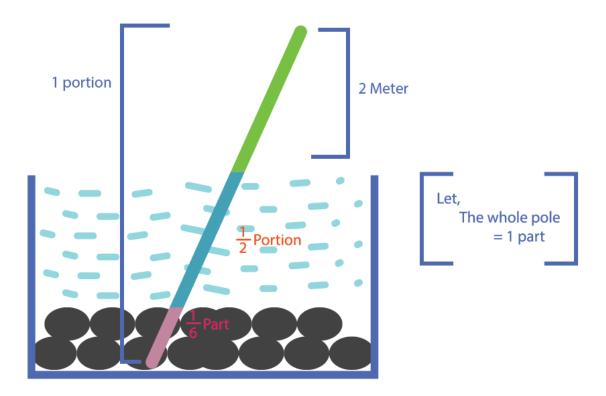


Class – 5 Subject – Mathematics Chapter – 6 Fraction

Part - 3

Word Problem:

1) $\frac{1}{6}$ portion of a pole is in the mud, $\frac{1}{2}$ portion is in the water and the remaining portion is above water. The length of the portion above water is 2m. What is the length of the pole in water?



Solution:

Given,

A pole is in mud =
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 Portion
A pole is in water = $\frac{1}{2}$ Portion
 \therefore A pole total is in mud and water = $\left(\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2}\right)$ Portion
 $= \frac{(1 \times 1) + (1 \times 3)}{6}$ Portion
 $= \frac{1+3}{6}$ Portion
 $= \frac{4}{6}$ Portion
 $= \frac{2}{3}$ Portion

Let, the whole pole = 1 portion

$$\therefore A \text{ pole is above water} = (1 - \frac{2}{3}) \text{ portion}$$
$$= \frac{1-2}{3} \text{ portion} = \frac{1}{3} \text{ portion}$$

According to the question,

$$\frac{1}{3} \text{ portion} = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$1 \text{ portion} = (2 \div \frac{1}{3}) m$$

$$= (2 \times 3) \text{ m}$$

$$= 6 \text{ m}$$

The total length of the pole = 6 m

The length of the pole is in water = $\left(\frac{1}{2} of 6\right) m = 3 m$

Ans: 3 m

2) In a hostel every day $2\frac{1}{7}$ quintal of rice is needed. In that hostel how many quintals of rice is needed in one week?

Solution:

We know,

1 week = 7 days

In 1 day rice is needed $2\frac{1}{7}$ quintal

$$\therefore \text{ In 7 day rice is needed} \left(2\frac{1}{7} \times 7\right) \text{quintal}$$
$$= \left(\frac{15}{7} \times 7\right) \text{quintal}$$
$$= 15 \text{ quintals}$$

Ans: 15 quintals

3) 1 m of metal pipe weighs $3\frac{1}{4}$ kg. How many kg does $\frac{3}{5}$ m of the pipe weigh?

Solution:

1 m of metal pipe weighs $3\frac{1}{4}kg$

$$\therefore \frac{3}{5} \text{ m of metal pipe weighs } \left(3\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{5}\right) kg$$
$$= \left(\frac{13}{4} \times \frac{3}{5}\right) kg$$
$$= \frac{39}{20} kg$$
$$= 1\frac{19}{20} kg$$

Ans: $1\frac{19}{20}kg$

4) 1 dL of paint covers $\frac{8}{9}m^2$. How many m^2 can you paint with $\frac{5}{3}dL$?

Solution:

1 dL of paint covers
$$\frac{8}{9}m^2$$

 $\therefore \frac{5}{8}$ dL of paint covers $\left(\frac{8}{9} \times \frac{5}{8}\right)m^2$
 $=\frac{5}{9}m^2$

Ans: $\frac{5}{9}m^2$

5) If you cut $6\frac{2}{5}$ m of string into $\frac{4}{5}$ m sections, how many pieces it will be?

Solution:

Here, total length of string = $6\frac{2}{5}m = \frac{32}{5}m$ Length of each piece = $\frac{4}{5}m$ Number of pieces can be cut from $\frac{32}{5}m$

$$= \left(\frac{32}{5} \div \frac{4}{5}\right)$$
$$= \left(\frac{32}{5} \times \frac{8}{4}\right)$$
$$= 8 \text{ pieces}$$

Ans: 8 pieces

6) A wall of $\frac{9}{7}m^2$ can be covered by $\frac{3}{4}dL$ of paint. How many m^2 can you paint with 1 dL?

Solution:

$$\frac{3}{4} dL \operatorname{can} \operatorname{cover} \frac{9}{7} m^2$$

$$\therefore 1 dL \operatorname{can} \operatorname{cover} \left(\frac{9}{7} \div \frac{3}{4}\right) m^2$$

$$= \left(\frac{9}{7} \times \frac{7}{3}\right) m^2$$

$$= \frac{12}{7} m^2$$

$$= 1\frac{5}{7} m^2$$

Ans: $1\frac{5}{7}m^2$

7) A metal pipe of 5 m weights $2\frac{6}{7}$ kg. How long do you cut off if you need 1 kg of pipe?

Solution:

5 metre weights =
$$2\frac{6}{7}kg$$

 $\therefore 1$ metre weights = $\left(2\frac{6}{7} \div 5\right)kg$
= $\left(\frac{20}{7} \times \frac{1}{5}\right)kg$
= $\frac{4}{7}kg$

Ans: $\frac{4}{7}kg$

8) Flowers are planted in $\frac{5}{6}$ of a flower bed that has an area of 20 m². What is the area of planted flowers in m²?

Solution:

Total area of garden $20m^2$

Cultivated flower in $\frac{5}{6}$ part of the garden

Cultivate area of flower garden = $\left(\frac{5}{6}of\ 20\right)m^2$ = $\frac{50}{3}m^2$ = $16\frac{2}{3}m^2$

9) Ahmed has 4 kg of oil. 1L of the oil weighs $\frac{6}{7}$ kg. How many 2 oil he has?

Solution:

$$\frac{6}{7} kg \text{ of oil} = 1 L$$

$$\therefore 1 \text{ kg of oil} = \left(1 \div \frac{6}{7}\right)L$$

$$= \left(1 \times \frac{7}{6}\right)L$$

$$= \frac{7}{6}L$$

$$4 \text{ kg of oil} = \left(\frac{7}{6} \times 4\right)L$$

$$= \frac{14}{3}L$$

Ans: $4\frac{2}{3}L$

10) Mr. Sajjad had 24000 Taka. He donated $\frac{5}{12}$ portion of his money to an orphanage, $\frac{3}{8}$ portion to an educational institution. What amount of money was he left with?

Solution:

Mr. Sajjad's total donation $=\left(\frac{5}{12} + \frac{3}{8}\right)$ portion $=\frac{(5\times2)+(3\times3)}{24}$ portion $=\frac{10+9}{24}$ portion $=\frac{19}{24}$ portion Let, The total money = 1 portion

$$\therefore \text{Remaining portion} = \left(1 - \frac{19}{24}\right)$$
$$= \frac{24 - 19}{24}$$
$$= \frac{5}{24}$$

An amount left with Mr. Ahmed = $\left(\frac{5}{24} of \ 24000\right) = 5000tk$

Ans: 5000 tk

Creative Question

1.Mr. Habib kept $\frac{1}{4}$ portion of his property for himself and divided the rest of the property equally between his two children.

- a) What portion was the rest of the property after Mr. Habib kept his property for himself?
- b) What portion of the property did each child get?
- c) If Mr. Habib has property of Taka 200000.How much will each child get?

Solution:

a) Let, the whole property = 1 part

The rest of the property = $(1-\frac{1}{4})$ part

$$=\frac{4-1}{4} \text{ part}$$
$$=\frac{3}{4} \text{ part}$$

Ans: $\frac{3}{4}$ part.

b) From "a" we get,

2 children get
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 part
1 children get $(\frac{3}{4} \div 2)$ part
= $(\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{2})$ part
= $\frac{3}{8}$ part

Ans: $\frac{3}{8}$ part.

c) Mr. Habib has property of Taka 200000

Each child get= ($\frac{3}{8}$ of 200000) tk

= 75000 tk

Ans: 75000 tk.

2.A metal pipe of 4m weights $1\frac{3}{5}$ Kg.

- a) How many Kg does 1m of the pipe weights?
- b) How long do you cut off if you need 1Kg of the pipe?
- c) A metal pipe of $\frac{5}{2}$ m weighs 1Kg. How many Kg is the weight of 4m pipe?

Solution:

a) 4m weights
$$1\frac{3}{5}$$
 Kg
1m weights $(1\frac{3}{5} \div 4)$ Kg
 $= (\frac{8}{5} \div 4)$ Kg
 $= (\frac{8}{5} \div 4)$ Kg
 $= (\frac{8}{5} \times \frac{1}{4})$ Kg
 $= \frac{2}{5}$ Kg
Ans: $\frac{2}{5}$ Kg.
b) $1\frac{3}{5}$ Kg of pipe = 4 m
1 Kg of pipe = $(4\div 1\frac{3}{5})$ m
 $= (4\div \frac{8}{5})$ m
 $= (4\times \frac{5}{8})$ m
 $= \frac{5}{2}$ m

$$=2\frac{1}{2}m$$
Ans: $2\frac{1}{2}m$.
c) $\frac{5}{2}m$ weighs = 1 Kg
1 m weighs = $(1 \div \frac{5}{2})$ Kg
 $=\frac{2}{5}$ Kg
4 m weighs = $(\frac{2}{5} \times 4)$ Kg
 $=\frac{8}{5}$ Kg = $1\frac{3}{5}$ Kg
Ans: $1\frac{3}{5}$ Kg.