

ARTICLES

Exercise:

Fill in the gaps of the following text with appropriate articles. Put a cross for zero articles.

1. Patriotism is a noble (a) — virtue. It inspires (b) — man to shed last drop of blood to defend the freedom of his country. (c) man without patriotism is no better than (d) — beast. (e) — true patriot thinks for (f) — welfare of his country.
2. English is (a) — international language. It is spoken all over (b) — world. So the importance of (c) — English cannot be described in words. All (d) — books of higher education are written in English. Today organizations need employees who can speak and write (e) — standard form of (f) — English.
3. Every woman is (a) — potential mother. (b) — future of a child depends on how it is brought up. In this case (c) — educated mother plays (d) — important role. She can bring a child up better than (e) — illiterate mother. Is it necessary to tell how important it is to educate (f) — mother?
4. Tamzid is (a) — university student. He studies at (b) — Jahangirnagar University. His best friend is Bijoy. Bijoy studies at Dhaka University. He is one of (c) — talented students of (d) — university. Every teacher loves him. Tamzid hails from (e) — Jhenaidah whereas Bijoy is from Chuadanga. They are the live example of true friendship. Whenever one friend falls in danger, (f) — other friend comes forward to help.
5. I am Nishi. I am (a) — thirteen years old. I am in class eight. My father is (b) — engineer. My mother is (c) — teacher. I have one brother and one sister. They both go to (d) — school. I have some friends in school and (e) — neighbourhood. Of them, Soheli is my best friend. She (f) — often comes to my house and plays with me.
6. My name is Shayaan. I live in Mymensingh. (a) — name of my school is Baghmara Bidyaniketon School. I am in class eight. Our School starts at 11:15 a.m. and finishes at 4:30 p.m. I am at (b) — day shift. There is also (c) — morning shift in our school. I am studying Bangla, (d) — English, Math, Social Science, General Science and Religious Studies. I go to (e) — school on foot and return home by rickshaw. I like our school very much because (f) — teachers are very friendly.
7. My name is Anima Afrin. I live in (a) — apartment in Dhaka. The name of my school is Shaheed Police Smriti School and College. I am in (b) — class eight. I go to school by (c) — auto-rickshaw and return home by (d) — school bus. The teachers of my school are very friendly and (e) — honest. They always tell us to be sincere and dutiful. We have a big playground in (f) — school campus. I like my school very much.
8. Mr Ahmed Faruque is (a) — honourable teacher in our school. He teaches us Bangla. He wakes up very early in (b) — morning and comes to school at 7 (c) — sharp. His integrity and truthfulness is well-known to all. Apart from his subject, he teaches us (d) — morality, principles and ethics. I am proud to be (e) — student of such (f) — esteemed and honest person.
9. Sadek is a poor boy. He is (a) — JSC candidate. Today is (b) — last date of paying exam fee. But he does not have enough money. He goes to his uncle's house at (c) — eleventh hour. His uncle is (d) — esteemed person. He is (e) — ex-professor of a reputed college. He is always ready to help his (f) — nephew.
10. Have you seen (a) — ant? It is (b) — active and hardworking insect. (c) — ants work as a team. During summer, they collect their food and store them. In (d) — winter, they don't come out of their stored food. We see (e) — example of unity in them. So, we should learn to be (f) — united.

11. A true friend is (a) — asset. He stands by his friend in (b) — time of danger. He is not a greedy person. He always wishes for (c) — welfare of his friend. But it is (d) — matter of fact that (e) — ideal friend is very rare today. Do you have (f) — friend who can be termed as an ideal one?
12. Last night, it was raining cats and dogs. I was returning home from my office by (a) — bus. After getting down from (b) — bus, I searched for (c) — shelter, But unfortunately, I did not find such place. I wish I had (d) — umbrella . Actually, I had it with me. Few days ago, I lost it from my (e) — office. (f) — umbrella was brought from Thailand by my uncle. It was nice and beautiful.
13. My mother is (a) — very religious . She always advises me to follow (b) — path of truth and honesty. She bears (c) — good moral character. She is very kind to (d) — poor. She is (e) — ideal housewife. I love her (f) — very much.
14. My elder brother is (a) — engineer. He works in Dhaka . Last summer he asked me to stay (b) — few days with him. He sent me a plane (c) — ticket. That was my first journey by (d) — air. I arrived at (e) — airport about (f) — hour before the flight.
15. Mr. Patrick is (a) — European. As he is (b) — Englishman, he knows (c) — English very well. He is (d) — honourable man to everyone. He is (e) — younger of the two brothers. His father is an Englishman too but his mother is (f) — French.
16. Since Bangladesh is land of rivers it is (a) — easy to make a journey by boat. Whenever I get (b) — opportunity I try make (c) — best use of the opportunity. When I (d) — journey, my heart leaps with (e) — joy. It is always pleasant and (f) — instructive.
17. (a) — ant is an industrious (b) — insect. No other insect is as industrious as (c) — ant. If we open (d) — pages of history, we will see that (e) — men who have become great in (f) — world were industrious.
18. Money cannot buy (a) — happiness. Money is (b) — must for our life. But it is not necessary to bring our happiness. Happiness is absolutely (c) — psychological thing. It is (d) — name of (e) — feeling. It means contentment. He, who is satisfied with what he gets and contented with his life is really (f) — happy man.
19. Mr. Karim is an English (a) — teacher. He is (b) — M.A. in English. He serves in (c) — ideal institution. He tries to lead (d) — honest life . He is (e) — most favourite teacher (f) — to the students.
20. Mobile phone is (a) — wonder of modern technology. It has created (b) — new era in modern civilization. It has brought (c) — world closer. We can send (d) — messages, play games, take snaps and even compose (e) — music through mobile phone. It has become (f) — part and parcel of our life.
21. Ha-du-du is (a) — very popular game in Bangladesh. It is (b) — outdoor game. Ha-du- du requires (c) — small play ground. (d) — ground is divided into two equal (e) — parts. A line is drawn across (f) — middle of the field.
22. James Norman Hall was (a) — American writer. He wrote (b) — interesting story that took place between him and (c) — farmer. He rented (d) — one roomed house. It was away from (e) — town. He was doing (f) — interesting writing there.
23. (a) — objective of education is not only to pass the exam and get (b) — job but also to acquire knowledge and widen (c) — third eye. (d) — student should realize (e) — fact. Otherwise his education will be (f) — incomplete one.

24. Bangladesh is (a) — land of rivers. She is in fact criss-crossed by (b) — numerous rivers. These rivers play (c) — important role in various sectors. Really they are very useful to (d) — overall development of the country. The rivers we have are full to (e) — brim in the rainy season. But in winter they take (f) — shabby look.
25. Energy is (a) — life blood, so to say of (b) — civilized society. The richer (c) — country in energy resources, (d) — greater is its progress and prosperity. Bangladesh is (e) — undeveloped country. The reason is that it has (f) — poor energy resource..
26. Electronic mail is (a) — modern method of instant delivery of letters without involvement of a postman. In this (b) — system of mailing, messages are sent with the help of a computer. In the electronic mail system, a letter or any other document is typed and edited on (c) — computer. It is then sent to (d) — addressee through a computer network in (e) — form of electronic signals. (f) — addressee may be anywhere in the world..
27. In Bangladesh (a) — rural person who cultivates (b) — land is known as a farmer. In most cases, he is (c) — illiterate man. He learns farming from his ancestors. He goes out early in (d) — morning and works all day long. He produces food for (e) — others but his family often starves. (f) — majority of our farmers are landless..
28. The pied piper went to (a) — street. He took out (b) — pipe from his pocket. Then he began to play (c) — uncommon tune. (d) — rats from every house came out tumbling . (e) — piper moved along the streets. It is (f) — matter of wonder that the rats blindly followed him.
29. Jamil's school wanted to introduce (a) — debating club. So, the teachers gave him (b) — responsibility of (c) — organizing the club. He was known as (d) — organizer. He tried to find out students who were interested in debating. He went to every class when (e) — teacher was not there and shouted. He found (f) — good number of students who were interested in debating.
30. Sharrafi determined to do well in (a) — exam. So, he began to work hard. But he was not a healthy boy. So, he was suffering (b) — lot. He decided to consult a doctor. He made (c) — appointment and met the doctor. The doctor was very (d) — busy. He asked Sharrafi what his problem was. Sharrafi replied that he was not in good condition. He ate (e) — good quantity of balanced diet but he felt uneasy. The doctor advised him to take (f) — complete rest.
31. The night before (a) — examination is one of (b) — anxieties to almost all examinees. (c) — degree of panic and anxiety depends on (d) — strength of their preparation and (e) — physical constitution. (f) — examinee should be mentally sound.
32. (a) — literate man is an asset to an undeveloped country. He can teach the ignorant (b) — unique matter without facing (c) — obstruction. For this there is difference between (d) — educated and an uneducated person. The role played by (e) — learned is beyond description. For (f) — greater interest of the country, we should be literate.
33. My friend, Sujana lives in (a) — old house in (b) — small village. There is (c) — beautiful garden behind (d) — house. I would like to have (e) — garden like that. They grow different types of flowers in (f) — garden.
34. The population of a country is (a) — asset, but it becomes (b) — problem when the country can't afford to provide her people with (c) — basic needs of life. Bangladesh is (d) — country having (e) — area of 1,47,570 square kilometers. A good number of her people are dependent on (f) — agriculture.

35. Dhaka is (a) — old town. It stands on (b) — bank of the Buriganga. (c) — large number of big buildings have been constructed here. (d) — beauty of Dhaka city has been increased for the parks as well. Many good roads and streets have also been constructed. (e) — Dhaka Museum is worth seeing. But the people living in the city have to face (f) — good number of problems.
36. Sports are not only a matter of entertainment but also an important aspect of the development of (a) — global relationship. (b) — sports venue is a meeting place of people from different countries. They can come closer to one another and express their views and (c) — opinions. They create (d) — sense of brotherhood among them. Thus, they develop a global relationship, which is (e) — effective way of globalization. Most of (f) — people of our country are fond of sport
37. Our school is (a) — suitable place of taking (b) — part in co-curriculum activities. In (c) — each week competitions are arranged in (d) — auditorium of our school. Our teachers motivate us in (e) — participating in different programmes. (f) — active role can encourage some other schools to participate in the competitions.
38. Our life is (a) — sum total of hours, days and years. But all the days are not equally memorable to us. Most of (b) — days are forgotten with (c) — passage of time. Only (d) — few days remain ever fresh in our memory. My first day at school is such (e) — amusing day. I will keep the memory of the day in (f) — core of my heart forever.
39. (a) — ordinary garment worker in our country leads (b) — very poor life. She goes to her office on foot. Sometimes, she gets on (c) — crowded bus. She is (d) — object of others pity. She does not work in a congenial (e) — atmosphere. (f) — concerning authority should take some steps to upgrade their lifestyle.
40. Robinson Crusoe was (a) — sailor. He was banished on (b) — island. He gathered the bitterest (c) — experience of living (d) — isolated life. Man cannot lead (e) — solitary life because he is a social being. Banishment is (f) — capital punishment for a human being.
41. Money cannot buy (a) — happiness. But it is true that money is (b) — must for our daily life. To survive on (c) — earth, we have to have money. But we must earn it in (d) — honest way. (e) — man who wants to live from hand to mouth also needs money. So, it is said that (f) — rich are not always happy.
42. (a) — few days back, (b) — honorable man paid a visit to our (c) — area. (d) — platform was built in (e) — open field. (f) — honorable man stayed with us the whole day and then started for the city
43. After summer comes (a) — rainy season. People heave (b) — sigh of relief. (c) — sky is overcast with clouds and (d) — sun cannot be seen for hours. Rivers are full to (e) — brim. The rainy season is both a blessing and (f) — curse.
44. (a) The 16th December is a red-letter day in (a) — history of Bangladesh. On this day, we achieved victory at the cost of (b) — bloody war, Bangladesh came into being as (c) — independent country. It occupied a place in the world map. Every year we observe (d) — day with due solemnity. We remember (e) — supreme sacrifice of our heroic sons. The day is a public holiday and the national flag is hoisted on the top of each house. It is (f) — memorable day in our national life.
45. Every student wants to do better in the examination. But it is not (a) — easy task. (b) — student has to do something for this , From (c) — very beginning, he must be very serious. He should read (d) — texts again and again. He must not make (e) — notes from a common source. He must follow (f) — particular method, which is termed as an advanced one.
46. Akbar (a) — great was one of (b) — greatest emperors of India. He was not only a great ruler but also a man of (c) — wisdom. He was the best of all the Mughal rulers. As a result, his name has been written in golden letters in the pages of history. He was (d) — uneducated person. But he had the ability to rule his empire like (e) — expert ruler. (f) — ruler like Akbar is really praiseworthy.

47. Traffic jam is a common affair in (a) — big cities and towns. It is one of the major (b) — problems of modern time. (c) — causes of traffic jam are too many to be described. Our (d) — roads are wide enough. Most of (e) — drivers are not willing to abide by the traffic rules. To prevent the traffic jam, (f) — strict law should be enacted immediately.
48. When you cross (a) — road in Dhaka city and your vehicle gets stuck up in a never ending (b) — jam, every few minutes (c) — boy or a girl comes to you and tries to sell a bunch of (d) — flowers. The boy or girl may be (e) — orphan. (f) — government should take some positive steps to rehabilitate them.
49. Since the creation of the earth, there is a strange relationship between (a) — men and animals. In (b) — recent newspaper article, we read about the Australian swimmer who was saved from (c) — shark by a group of dolphins. When the shark attacked (d) — swimmer, the dolphins chased it away. They saved (e) — swimmer's life. It is believed, the dolphins that are free in nature live around 40 years. This is indeed (f) — unbelievable incident in the world.
50. It is a world of so-called gods, kings and warriors. A world cup played in (a) — Africa has created new facts, new stories, and new passions. Football is (b) — popular game in our country. It is equally exciting to (c) — players and the spectators. It is a foreign (d) — game. It is popular all over (e) — world. Football is rightly proved to be (f) — exciting game.
51. (a) — land of Bangladesh is low. It has many rivers. It is also in (b) — monsoon area. It rains heavily during the monsoon period. So, floods are very common in our (c) — country. (d) — damages done by floods beggar description. Floods do a little good to man. During floods the rivers of our country carry (e) — great deal of earth. (f) $\frac{3}{4}$ earthquake is equally dangerous in our country.
52. Bangladesh is (a) — small country. It is basically (b) — agricultural country. Many people are (c) $\frac{3}{4}$ unemployed. (d) — unemployed man leads (e) — miserable life. For the development of the country, employment scopes should be created for (f) — unemployed.
53. Mr. Hasan lives in (a) — USA. He is now (b) — banker there. But in Bangladesh he was (c) — university teacher. His wife is (d) $\frac{3}{4}$ architect and serves in (e) $\frac{3}{4}$ multinational company. (f) — family leads a peaceful life there.
54. Bangladesh is mainly (a) — agricultural country. Once jute was the main cash crop of (b) — Bangladesh. Jute is (c) — kind of fiber. (d) — cultivation of jute is not easy. Recently, scientists have invented (e) — ways and means of making one kind of paper from jute. Once, the jute of our country had (f) — international recognition.
55. Imran has an uncle in (a) — Dhaka. He is (b) — engineer. He works in (c) — engineering firm. He is (d) — important figure in (e) — firm. He is (f) — highly knowledgeable person.
56. I am (a) — student of Govt. Jubilee High School. (b) — last prize day of our school was held on 2nd April. We decorated (c) — school building very tastefully. The function started just at (d) — 10 a.m. The DC was in the chair. He also arrived in (e) — time. The function was (f) — colourful one.
57. (a) — doctor could not say what was wrong with (b) — king. More doctors were called in. Finally, they said that (c) — king could be healed if he wore (d) — shirt of (e) — happy man. But the king remained (f) — ever unhappy man.
58. The room was not very crowded. There were (a) — few seats vacant. Kamal sat on (b) — empty seat. He took (c) — glance at (d) — room around him. (e) — old woman was groaning in a corner. Meanwhile, (f) — doctor on duty came hurriedly and gave her necessary treatment.
59. Nowadays, football is (a) — popular game all over the world. It is equally exciting to (b) — players and the spectators. It is a foreign (c) — game. It is played in an open (d) — field. At present, (e) — whole world is attacked with football fever. Football is still (f) — internationally popular game.

60. (a) — pious man is he who is very much religious. He does not run after name and fame. He is different from (b) — materialistic man, because the religious-minded people are quite different from (c) — people who want to have much wealth. The virtuous believe that there lies (d) — eternal life after death. The greedy people give importance to this world. However (e) — virtuous man enjoys mental peace. They may be poor, but they are (f) — happiest men in the world.
61. To be (a) — good in English, practice is (b) — must. Those who practice English, can do well in the examination. (c) — main thing which is needed most is (d) — determination. It helps a student have (e) — better result. Though it is (f) — international language, it can help us in different ways.
62. My mother is (a) — very religious. She always advises me to follow (b) — path of truth and honesty. She bears (c) — good moral character. She is very kind to (d) — poor. She is (e) — ideal housewife. She is (f) — excellent cook.
63. Mehenaj is (a) — bright student. She is (b) — honours student. She reads in (c) — Dhaka University. Everyday she goes to (d) — university. She is (e) — active girl. She is one of (f) — most brilliant students of the department.
64. (a) — English acquire English as it is their mother tongue; but people all over (b) — world learn it as (c) — foreign language because they consider it (d) — useful key that may open before them the way to (e) — unlimited horizon of prospects. They think English as their (f) — unique possession.
65. Yesterday (a) — accident took place near New Market. (b) — car collide with (c) — truck. (d) — one-eyed man was killed. I will never forget (e) — accident. In fact, (f) — driver of the truck was solely responsible for the accident.
66. It was a dark night. A blind man was walking along a road. He held (a) — lamp in his hand. Two men laughed at him. One of them said, “What is (b) — use of a lamp to (c) — blind man?” The other called the blind man a fool. The blind man heard this. He said, (d) “ — lamp’s not for me. It is for those people who are careless. They will not see me in darkness.” They felt sorry for their foolishness. We can set (f) — example of humanity by helping a blind man.
67. Ms Humaira is (a) — M. A. She lives in (b) — USA. She left her family behind. One day she saw a little girl sitting in (c) — park. Seeing the girl (d) — mother rose in her. Then, she thought that return to Bangladesh is (e) — must for her. She was by heart (f) — affectionate mother.
68. A library is (a) — collection of books of various kinds. (b) — word ‘library’ comes from the Latin word ‘Libre’ which means (c) — book. In the ordinary sense, we know library means (d) — house where books are kept for use by the readers. It is (e) — important temple of wisdom. (f) — British Library is the biggest one in the world.
69. Yesterday I saw (a) — old man who was very poor and weak, He was standing at (b) — door of (c) — house. It was near (d) — house of my friend living in England. The man asked for (e) — little alms from the inmates of the house. The old man was (f) — honours graduate, but situation compelled him to beg.
70. ‘You’ll get (a) — shock if you touch (b) — live wire with that screwdriver. Why don’t you get (c) — screwdriver with (d) — insulated handle? (e) — man said. An electric shock may cause (f) — accident.
71. A few days back, I made (a) — journey by boat on the occasion of autumn (b) — vacation. We hired (c) — big boat. (d) — boatman and the oarsman were very nice. We had our breakfast early in (e) — morning. The day was really (f) — exciting one to me.
72. English is (a) — intentional language. It is spoken all over (b) — world. So the importance of (c) — English cannot be described in words. All (d) — books of higher education are written in English. Today organizations need employees who can speak and write (e) — standard form of (f) — English.

73. Once I went to (a)—mango orchard. One of my friends was (b)—owner of the orchard. While walking, I found (c)—mango lying under (d)—tree. (e)—mango was ripe. Seeing (f)—mango in many hand, my friend said, “It will taste sweet.”
74. Dowry means property or money brought by a bride to her (a)—husband. During marriage ceremony (b)—section of greedy people claim much wealth or money from (c)—guardians of the brides. (d)—poor illiterate girls become (e)—victims of dowry. If (f)—guardians fail to fulfill the demand of the bridegroom, the brides are maltreated.
75. Punctuality is of great value to (a)—student. (b)—unpunctual boy who is late in (c)—class will miss (d)—part of his lesson and fall (e)—behind other students. But (f)—punctual student will lea his lesson in time and do well in the examination.
76. (a)—tiger is known as a ferocious animal. (b)—tiger kills to eat. It can kill a deer in two or three (c)—minutes and (d)—buffalo in five minutes. It always charges from (e)—side or (f)—rear.
77. Money cannot buy (a)—happiness. Frankly speaking money is (b)—must for our life. But it is not (c)—necessary to bring our happiness. Happiness is absolutely (d)—psychological thing. It is (e)—name of (f)—feeling.
78. Journey is always (a)—pleasure to me. Whenever I go on a jouey, my heart leaps up with (b)—joy. But (c)—jouey by boat gives me (d)—greatest pleasure. Since Bangladesh is a land of (e)—rivers, it is (f)—easy matter to make a jouey by boat.

ACTIVE - PASSIVE

1. Mina reads well.
2. He does the sum.
3. I write a letter.
4. I commit a number of mistakes.
5. One should read only what one likes.
6. She likes having long tail.
7. You can look after other people.
8. People think that Hasan is a great hero.
9. I consider the man honest.
10. Only Allah can help us.
11. We could see the moon from the balcony.
12. They hope that things will improve soon.
13. You must show your ugly face to the villagers.
14. We should respect an honest man.
15. He may help my brother.
16. Shatkira produces a lot of fish every year.
17. We can't gain anything by hurry.
18. Ali opens the window.
19. Sabina sings a song.
20. Cats kill mice.
21. We celebrate our national days.
22. The cat kills mice.
23. They plough the field
24. The man buys a shirt.
25. The teacher forbids the students to keep guide.
26. I want a book to read.
27. Fortune favours the brave.
28. The plays of Shakespeare interest me.
29. All knows it.
30. Teacher uses projector for teaching the students
31. Teacher uses projector for teaching the students
32. He looks after the orphan.
33. He looks after his parents.
34. Blacksmiths make spades.
35. His behavior pleases me.
36. Hasan plays football in the afternoon.
37. She seeks my help.
38. I know her.
39. I know him.
40. I know him well.
41. We fish some fishes.
42. Nobody trusts a liar.
43. Nobody believes him.
44. Nobody knows him here.
45. I have my meal.
46. I have not taken tea.
47. I do not take tea.
48. We do not like the idle.
49. We do not see the moon in the sky
50. We don't like idle people.
51. We fish some fish.
52. I am to do it.
53. I am to follow his advice respectfully.
54. I always speak well of him.
55. The people in Asia mainly eat rice.
56. He likes to play football.
57. I like to read newspaper.
58. He eats rice and drink tea.
59. All desire for wealth.
60. I see a dark cloud.
61. BTV is going to telecast a new serial.
62. He is going to do market.
63. I am going to open an account with the bank.
64. Mr Khan is going to open a bank account.
65. They are going to open a shop.
66. I am going to open a bank account.
67. I am going to buys some books.
68. Mt father is going to start a new business.
69. The students are going to make a garden.
70. He is going to give me a pizza.
71. They are going to open a halkhata.
72. We are going to arrange a picnic.
73. They are going to open a shop.
74. Our teacher is going to give me a prize.
75. They are going to build up a new hospital next year.
76. It is time to do your duty.
77. I have to finish the work.
78. The government has banned the use of the stick in the classroom.
79. Rahat has written a letter.
80. A letter has been written by Rahat.
81. I have done this.
82. This has been done by me.
83. He has lost his umbrella.
84. His umbrella has been lost by him.

85. He has worked out the answer correctly.
86. He has repaired his watch now.
87. He has repaired his watch now.
88. One of the jobs has been done by them.
89. I have fought a good fight.
90. You have told me the truth
91. Some cows and goats have eaten them.
92. He has worked out the answer carefully.
93. I have missed the train.
94. Our team has defeated the other team.
95. He wrote music.
96. Nila dropped the letter
97. All his pupils like Mr Rahman
98. Setara house presented a cultural show.
99. Teachers forbade us to keep guide book.
100. The robbers robbed him on the way.
101. He named his baby Rina.
102. Mr Ahmed showed the students his list./Mr Ahmed showed his list to the students.
103. The authority cancelled the programe.
104. The sudden noise frightened everybody.
105. The teacher introduced me to the plays and poems.
106. Bahadur looked after the garden.
107. His answer pleased the teacher.
108. They chose the piece of land for three reasons.
109. His misbehaviour annoyed us all.
110. He cut a good figure in the examination.
111. We caught the thief red handed.
112. She wore an old and shabby deress.
113. Farmers largely grow jute in Bangladesh.
114. Police arrested him yesterday.
115. We use projector for teaching the students.
116. Our nation does not over populate Dhaka in a day.
117. People use it during the rainy season.
118. I consider the man trustworthy.
119. Wind blew the house away.
120. We gave the poor food.
121. Rina told a story.
122. He liked the bird.
123. Rima wrote this poem.
124. I saw a bird.
125. He wrote a letter yesterday.
126. They hated the brave.
127. A dog bit the boy.
128. The judge punished the man.
129. My grandmother looked after me.
130. The fisherman caught many fishes.
131. He did a lot of things for me.
132. The girl did not break the plate.
133. Nobody looked at him.
134. Everybody recognized him.
135. The students of class eight made the garden.
136. The ghost caught him.
137. She dreamt a dream.
138. The fire destroyed the factory.
139. We talked of them.
140. The ghost caught Karim.
141. He walked ten miles.
142. The peon opened the gate.
143. He invited us.
144. They fought a great fight.
145. The judge ordered the spy to be shot.
146. He hurt his brother.
147. She wore an old and shabby dress.
148. Police arrested him yesterday.
149. He did a lot of things for me.
150. His attitude did not please me.
151. The Headmaster presided over the function.
152. The judge hanged the man for murder.
153. He decided to sell the house.
154. His performance satisfied the teacher
155. They proposed to hold a meeting.
156. They used to cultivate the land.
157. He used to invite me to her dinners.
158. My father bought me a watch.
159. He helped me write the poem.
160. I give him a book.
161. He made me do the work.
162. I gave him a book.
163. We made her laugh.
164. He wants me to do the work.
165. His performance satisfied the teacher.
166. The boy pleased us well.
167. Panic seized the writer.
168. His answer pleased the teacher.
169. He discovered something strange.
170. Over five hundred tickets were sold.

171. She brought up the poor boy.
172. Waiter brought the bill of fare.
173. We named them basic human needs.
174. Rahim called it laurel.
175. She collected some mangoes from the garden.
176. Lightening struck the building.
177. The teacher wants the students to study "The Daily Star".
178. They set up the school in 1990.
179. The green mangoes did not taste sweet.
180. I came by an umbrella on the way.
181. We built a house for ourselves on a piece of land.
182. The students used the rakes to collect all the weeds.
183. Our freedom fighters fought a terrible fight in 1971.
184. He called in a doctor.
185. She beautifies herself.
186. They help themselves.
187. He was fanning himself.
188. She hurt herself quite badly.
189. She killed herself.
190. He hates himself.
191. The lady Praises herself.
192. They saved themselves.
193. She fans herself.
194. He saved himself.
195. I saw him go.
196. I saw him carrying the bag.
197. He saw a man standing on the road.
198. I saw him going there.
199. I saw him going towards your house.
200. I saw an old man carrying a stick.
201. She saw him going.
202. I saw him playing cricket.
203. I saw him driving a car.
204. I saw the beggar begging from door to door.
205. I saw the boy crying.
206. The boy was run over by the track.
207. We made him captain.
208. We elected him chairman.
209. His behaviour pleases is.
210. His behaviour charmed me.
211. The beauty of the moon marveled us.
212. Such cruelty can not be endured.
213. She wore an old and shabby dress
214. They ought to stop torture.
215. They proposed to built a dam for irrigation.
216. It is behaved that the earth is round.
217. They pleased us all.
218. They gave it food and water.
219. His stupidity annoyed me.
220. Ruplal made a nice little hut for himself.
221. I request you to do this.
222. The students agreed to start a school shop.
223. It is said that he is stupid.
224. I am to do it.
225. The young man made a disturbance in the meeting.
226. They awarded him a gold coin.
227. I was asked my name.
228. I wish just write a short note for Rina.
229. You looked after Rina's grandmother very well.
230. She lost her bag on the way.
231. Her children told her about the lost bag.
232. The teacher made the lesson interesting.
233. His behavior annoyed us.
234. I request you to do this.
235. He hit upon the plane.
236. It is time to do our duty.
237. Our freedom fighters fought a terrible fight in 1971.
238. The man was kicked by the horse.
239. He was robbed on the way.
240. He was found guilty by the jury.
241. The school was establish in 1836.
242. I was born in Khulna.
243. I was much pleased with the boy.
244. I heard you say this.
245. I said what I knew.
246. The teacher was telling an interesting story to the students.
247. Mini was plucking flowers.
248. He was writing a letter.
249. She was reading a novel.
250. I was telling a story.
251. Anwar was collecting some old leaves.

252. We were eating rice.
253. Mrs Salam was reading a magazine.
254. Reba was singing a song.
255. The teacher was telling a story to the students.
256. The farmer was cultivating the land.
257. He is reading a book.
258. You are helping me.
259. The boy is running a race.
260. We are not disturbing them.
261. Ahmed is preparing a report.
262. He is going through a novel.
263. He is driving a new car.
264. They are ploughing the field.
265. He is driving a new car.
266. The farmer is sowing seeds.
267. He is reading a book.
268. The newspaper contains daily news.
269. The flask contains hot water.
270. The jug contains water.
271. The book contains useful information.
272. The parcel contains important materials.
273. The cup contains tea.
274. One should take one's promise.
275. One should take care of one's health.
276. One should obey ones parent
277. One should take care of one's children
278. You should respect your teacher.
279. Your teacher should be respected by you.
280. We should practice honesty.
281. We should obey our parents.
282. We should respect our teachers.
283. We should eat vegetables in plenty.
284. We should not waste money
285. He may help my father.
286. He may make a mistake.
287. You might wear a cap.
288. We ought to love our countries.
289. The headmaster teaches us English.
290. We can do anything now.
291. I cannot continue it any longer.
292. He must be taken to the hospital.
293. Mrs Siddiqua Murshed must be taken to the hospital.
294. You must do the work.
295. He must not do what he thinks.
296. He must perform his duty.
297. We must maintain cleanliness.
298. We must make the soil fertile.
299. We must stop him.
300. The authority expects him soon.
301. The authority has punished him.
302. The authority forced me to do it.
303. The authority has forbidden the procession
304. The authorities prohibited the procession
305. The authority forced me to do it.
306. The authorities fined two boys and expelled one.
307. The authority fined two boys and expelled one.
308. The authorities gave him a handsome salary
309. People liberated Bangladesh in 1971.
310. People think him to be an honest man.
311. People in Asia mainly eat Rice.
312. People speak Arabic in Egypt.
313. People in America speak English.
314. The people of France speak French
315. People speak English all over the world.
316. Farmers largely grow jute in Bangladesh.
317. Police arrested him yesterday.
318. The murderer murdered him at midnight.
319. The government forbade the procession.
320. The government opens the exhibition.
321. A cyclone has uprooted a lot of trees.
322. Romans did not build Roman in a day.
323. An earthquake demolished the building.
324. Circumstance compelled me to do it.
325. Flood washed away crops.
326. The police arrested the thief
327. Water has flooded the land.
328. A lot of trees have been uprooted.
329. He compelled me to do it.
330. We can do nothing now
331. Rina reads well.
332. We call him a fool.
333. My pocket has been picked.
334. A big fish has been caught.
335. A big fish has been caught.
336. My watch has been stolen.
337. The book has been stolen.

338. His finger has been cut.
339. The thief was beaten.
340. Our house was built in 1980.
341. This book was printed in 1985.
342. The money was lost.
343. He was robbed on the road.
344. I was forced to say so.
345. I was completed to do it.
346. I was asked my name.
347. The telephone wires have been cut.
348. People caught the robber.
349. The situation forced me to do it.
350. People should respect an honest man
351. People will blame us.
352. People think him to be an honest man.
353. People think him to be a poet.
354. Someone misguided you.
355. People called him a fool.
356. People made him captain.
357. The pen writes well.
358. Honey tastes sweet.
359. The bed feels soft.
360. The moon looks beautiful.
361. The bed feels soft.
362. The school garden looked very beautiful.
363. The pen writes well.
364. The sun shines brightly.
365. The stone feels rough.
366. Iron feels hard.
367. The stone feels tough.
368. The moon looks beautiful.
369. Mangoes taste sour.
370. The green mangoes did taste sweet.
371. The mangoes do not taste sweet.
372. The rose smells sweet.
373. My pen writes well.
374. The book reads well.
375. Do you want me?
376. Do you like it?
377. Do you know him?
378. Do you know me?
379. Do you know me?
380. Do you have any?
381. Did you eat the mango?
382. Did you buy the camera?
383. Did they make a noise?
384. Did you make a noise?
385. Did the boy catch the bird?
386. Did she sing a Tagore's song?
387. Did you like Aesop's fable?
388. Did the man kill the bird?
389. Did the boy kick the football?
390. Did you buy the camera?
391. Did the man kill the bird?
392. Did he keep it clean and tidy?
393. Did Aesop read stories from books?
394. Did you call him?
395. Did he make a cup of tea?
396. Did someone famous write it?
397. Did he admire Frankel?
398. Did he like you?
399. Did she kill herself?
400. Did the pot contain much water?
401. Did you take the medicine?
402. Did you play football?
403. Did you take her to the hospital?
404. Did the police arrested the criminal?
405. Who give you this book?
406. Who knows it?
407. Who can give me another example?
408. Who can give a new example?
409. Who can see you?
410. Who made this hole?
411. Who saw me making kites?
412. Who has broken the chair?
413. Who are you calling?
414. Who will you teach?
415. Who is going to save the boy?
416. Who stole the egg plants?
417. Who teaches you English?
418. Who gave you the watch?
419. Who has broken the plates?
420. Who were you phoning them?
421. Who teaches you English?
422. Who will save you from this danger?
423. Who is going to take the class?
424. Who is going to help the poor?
425. Who can give me another example?
426. Who know the answer among you?
427. Who has broken the plates?

428. Who pleased from?
429. Who knew the answer?
430. Who taught you English?
431. Who knew him well?
432. Who can see you?
433. Who gave you the pen?
434. Who gave you this pen?
435. Who teaches you English?
436. Who made this hole?
437. Who is going to help the poor?
438. Who called you a liar?
439. Who is helping the poor?
440. Who is going to take the class?
441. Who has broken the glasses?
442. Who broke the mirror?
443. Who spoke it?
444. Who can give me another example?
445. Who has broken the glass?
446. Who knew the laws of nature?
447. Who did it?
448. Who will drive the car/
449. How much did Jim earn a week?
450. How have you got it?
451. How have you come by this?
452. How did you hear the sound?
453. How dare you insult me?
454. How did you come by the dictionaries?
455. How did you do the works?
456. How did you solve the problem?
457. How did you win the prize?
458. How did you do it?
459. How did he solve the problem?
460. What do you want?
461. What does he want?
462. What do they want/
463. What will you eat tonight?
464. What did you make?
465. What did Ruplal do?
466. Where did you find him?
467. Where did you find him?
468. Whom do you want?
469. Whom did you call?
470. Whom taught you English?
471. Whom did you want?
472. Whom do you well now?
473. Whom did you see yesterday?
474. Whom is he teaching English?
475. Whom did you call?
476. Whom did they select?
477. Whom did you please?
478. Whom has he taught English?
479. Whom did they feed?
480. Whom did you cheat?
481. Whom do you like most?
482. Whom did you see on the road?
483. Shall I help him?
484. Will he help the poor?
485. Will you draw a picture?
486. Will she be singing song?
487. When did you do it?
488. When did the Muslim perform the Hajj?
489. When will you return any book?
490. When will they build the house?
491. When will you return my book?
492. When will you return my book?
493. When will they built the house?
494. When did you sell the plot of land?
495. Which pen do you like most?
496. Which book do you need?
497. Can anybody answer all the questions?
498. Can anybody answer all the questions?
499. Can you write a paragraph?
500. Can we put a Shakespeare's play?
501. Can they solve the problem?
502. Can they write this in English?
503. Has he broken the plate?
504. Has he broken the plates?
505. Have they already finished their homework?
506. Have you ever seen a play?
507. Have they finished their work?
508. Has he ever seen the play?
509. Have you chosen his career?
510. Has Mr Ahmed written a play?
511. Have you seen them before?
512. Have you seen a tiger before?
513. Have you eaten rice/
514. Has the cat frightened the rate?
515. Hadn't the baby been cared?
516. Why were they going to do the work?
517. Why should we help Rana choose the wrong

path?

- 518. Why are you making a noise?
- 519. Why did they refuse his admittance?
- 520. Why did the teacher punish her?
- 521. Why should you suspect us?
- 522. Why should they suspect us?
- 523. Why did you catch the bird?
- 524. Is he known to you?
- 525. Is she going to do the work?
- 526. Is she going to do the work?
- 527. Is he drawing a picture?
- 528. Are you going to open the shop?
- 529. Are you going to do the work?
- 530. Was she not weaving a sari?
- 531. Read attentively for better result.

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