## **ENGLISH GRAMMAR**

# SENTENCE CONNECTORS

**Prepared By** 

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### CONNECTORS

In traditional grammar, sentence connectors are used to link large groups of words, phrases and sentences. These sentence connectors are also used to connect paragraphs to give them coherence.

#### Person

#### Connectors

- Who: used to show which person or people you mean
- Whom: used instead of 'who' as the object of a verb or preposition
- Whose: used to say which person' something you mean

#### Examples

- A student who neglects his daily lessons is sure to fail.
- Her mother, in **whom** she confided, said she would support her.
- He is a man **whose** opinion I respect.

#### Object

#### Connectors

- Which: Used to be exact about the thing that you mean
- That: Used for referring to somebody/something that has already been mentioned or known about
- What: Used to mention a thing or things

Examples

- A school magazine is a magazine **which** is published by the school authority annually.
- Now we can know **what** is happening in the other corner of the world sitting at home.
- It is said **that** the Devil tempts the busy man while the idle man tempts the Devil.

#### Time

#### Connectors

- When: Used to mention time of any happening or event, etc.
- While: During the time that something is happening
- Scarcely had/ Hardly had...... when Scarcely had /hardly had......when: Used to emphasize that one event quickly followed another.
- No sooner had.....than: Used to show that one thing happens immediately after another thing. It is often used with the past perfect, and usually followed by than.
- At present, Nowadays, Now: Used to mention time of any present topic

#### Examples

- Time is coming **when** there will be no tree left for us.
- While taking food, we should bear in mind that we do not eat just to satisfy hunger or to fill the belly.
- While I was waiting at the bus stop, three buses came.
- Scarcely had the assembly begun when an unknown person came.
- Hardly had he seen his friend when he greeted him.

- No sooner had I heard the news of my mother's illness than I went to the hospital.
- Globalization is a term, nowadays, is commonly used by man.
- At present, we can learn what is happening in the farthest corner of the world.

#### Condition

#### Connectors

- If: Used to say that one thing can, will, may or might happen or to be true, depending on another thing
- Unless: Used to give only the situation in which something will not happen or to be true.
- **Or:** Used to warn or advise someone that something bad can happen based on a particular task
- **Otherwise:** Used to state what the result will be if something does not happen or if the situation is different

#### Examples

- If I were a rich man, I would help others.
- Unless trees are planted, soon our country will turn into desert
- **Or:** Study attentively **or** you cannot do well in the exam.
- The rapid growth of the population must be controlled. **Otherwise**, all sorts of attempts to solve the food problem will fail.

#### Contrast

#### Connectors

- In spite of / Despite: Used to link two contrasting ideas following a noun phrase
- Although / (Even) though: Used to link two contrasting ideas following a clause
- However / Nevertheless / Still / Yet / Even so / On the contrary / In contrast. Used to introduce a new idea which marks a contrast with previously stated ideas
- On the one hand ... On the other hand: Used to link two contrasting ideas/paragraphs.
- In contrast to / Contrary to: Used to link two contrasting ideas following a noun phrase.

#### Examples

- **Though** it is a simple exercise, it is good for health both physically and mentally.
- A healthy he can man can do any work. Besides, he can eat any food he likes. So, he can enjoy life in every way. **On the other hand**, an unhealthy man is unhappy, for he cannot eat and do what he likes.

#### Reason

#### Connectors

- **Because** / **As** / **Since** / **Seeing that:** Used to introduce a sentence to mention the reason for something. Subordinate sentences introduced by because always appear in the final position.
- Because of / On account of / Owing to / Due to. Used to introduce a noun phrase to show the reason for something.

#### Examples

• The whole world has turned into a global village **because of** the improvement of information technology.

• The publication of it is not an easy task **because** it needs time, energy and money.

#### Purpose

**Connectors:** 

- In order to / So as to Introduce an infinitive of purpose.
- In order that / So that Introduce a sentence which indicates purpose.

Examples

- We eat **so that** we can preserve our health.
- A student should be attentive in his studies **in order to** do well in the exam.

#### Consequence

Connectors

- **Consequently** / **As a consequence** / **As a result** / **Therefore/so**: Used to mention the consequence of something followed by a sentence or sentences
- As a consequence of / As a result of: Used to mention the consequence of something Followed by a noun phrase.

#### Examples

• None can deny the importance of tree plantation as our lives on earth directly or indirectly depend on it. But it is a matter of sorrow that we are cutting down trees indiscriminately. Unless trees are planted, soon our country will turn into desert and there will be an adverse change in the climate. **Therefore**, we should plant more and more trees for our own sake.

#### Addition

Connectors

- Moreover / Furthermore / In addition / Besides / What's more Used after a strong pause and separated from the sentences. They are introduced by a comma.
- As well as / In addition to / Besides Used to add one more piece of information. Followed by a noun phrase.

Examples

• Honesty is a noble virtue. The man who possesses this rare quality is the happiest person in the world. To be honest, a person should have trustworthiness. Because nobody trusts a liar. **Besides**, Allah helps the honest people. So, children should be taught honesty from the beginning of life. **In addition**, they should be taught discipline too.

#### Succession

#### Connectors

- First of all / Firstly / To begin with / First ....
- Second / Secondly / Then ...
- Third / Thirdly / After that
- Finally / in short / to sum up / in conclusion / lastly / last but not least...

#### Example

ü A hare is a very speedy animal; on the other hand a tortoise moves very slowly. **Firstly**, it has a heavy shell on its back. **Secondly**, its legs are short.

#### **Expressing facts**

#### **Connectors:**

• Actually/ as a matter of fact/ in fact/ really: Used to express fact

Example

• In fact, there are some differences between practical knowledge and bookish knowledge.

#### Expressing a personal opinion

Connectors

• as far as I am concerned, from my point of view, I agree, I disagree, in my opinion, in my view, I think that, it is true that, personally, to be honest, to tell the truth: Used to express a personal opinion

Example

• It is true that we have taken some effective stops to solve the problem.

#### **Exemplification**

Connectors

- For example / For instance: Use to introduce an example referring to previously stated ideas
- Such as: Used to introduce an example referring to the last idea

Example

• We have to increase our food production very rapidly. We may, mostly, solve our food problem by changing our traditional food habits. **For example**, we can take potato instead of rice.

#### Apprehension

#### Connector

Lest: Used to prevent any possibility that something will happen.

Examples

- Come forward to help the poor **lest** they might/should suffer a lot.
- He has to study regularly **lest** he might fail in the exam.

#### **Other Connectors**

in other words, basically, especially, essentially, in general, in particular, to a certain extent

#### Complete the passage using suitable connectors.

- A school magazine is a magazine (a) \_\_\_\_\_\_ is published by the school authority annually. It contains poems, articles, essays and jokes. The publication of it is not an easy task (b) \_\_\_\_\_\_ it needs time, energy and money. (c) \_\_\_\_\_, a magazine committee is formed from the teachers and the students. The editor (d) \_\_\_\_\_\_ is selected or elected by the committee members invites writings. (e) \_\_\_\_\_ good writings are selected for printing. (DB-2019)
- 2. Morning walk is a good habit for all classes of people. (a) \_\_\_\_\_it is a simple exercise, it is good for health both physically (b) \_\_\_\_\_ mentally. (c) \_\_\_\_\_ the morning air is fresh and free from any kind of noise health and pollutions, it keeps us sound and healthy. Morning walk costs nothing (d) \_\_\_\_\_gives more. (e) \_\_\_\_\_we should make the habit of morning walk. (CB-2019)
- 3. The whole world has turned into a global village (a) \_\_\_\_\_ the improvement of information technology. Now we can know (b) \_\_\_\_\_ is happening on the other corner of the world sitting at home. One culture is coming in touch with another. The poor culture is receiving quickly the elements (c) \_\_\_\_\_ are in rich culture. (d) \_\_\_\_\_ technology transforms culture and develops it. (e) \_\_\_\_\_ we have to prevent the infiltration of bad culture of another society to our own culture. (RB-2019)
- 4. People usually want to have their way. They want to think and act (a) \_\_\_\_\_ they like. (b) \_\_\_\_\_ one cannot have one's way all the time. A person cannot live in an environment without considering the interest of others (c) \_\_\_\_\_ his own interest. People in society may take their own decision. (d) \_\_\_\_\_ these decisions ought not to be unjust (e) \_\_\_\_\_ harmful to others. (DjB-2019)
- 5. Morning walk is a good habit for all classes of people. (a) \_\_\_\_\_ it is a simple exercise, it is good for health (b) \_\_\_\_\_\_ mentality. (c) \_\_\_\_\_, the morning air is fresh and free from any kind of noise and pollution. Morning walk is such an exercise which costs nothing (d) \_\_\_\_\_\_ gives more. (e) \_\_\_\_\_ we should make a habit of morning walk. (JB-2019)
- 6. Many schools have a uniform (a) \_\_\_\_\_\_ there are arguments for and against. One argument is what to put on. (b) \_\_\_\_\_\_ pupils were allowed to wear clothes according to their own choice. (c) \_\_\_\_\_\_ some clothes may not be suitable for schools. (d) \_\_\_\_\_\_ some of the students cannot afford to buy it. (e) \_\_\_\_\_\_ wearing a school dress does not allow in every school.(CtgB-2019)
- 7. Climate change means the changes in climate. (a)\_\_\_\_\_, climate on earth is constantly changing. (b)\_\_\_\_\_ climate change, the weather pattern in any specific region on earth (c) \_\_\_\_\_ across the whole earth is changing. Human activities are greatly responsible for it. We are cutting down trees for habitation and agricultural purpose. (d)\_\_\_\_\_, use of chemicals in industries causes serious harm to the ozone layer. (e) \_\_\_\_\_, there is a rapid increase in temperature causing greenhouse effect. . (BB-2019)
- 8. (a) \_\_\_\_\_\_taking food, we should bear in mind (b) \_\_\_\_\_ we do not eat just to satisfy hunger or to fill the belly. We eat (c) \_\_\_\_\_ we can preserve our health. Some people, living in the midst of plenty, do not eat the food they need for good health (d) \_\_\_\_\_ they have no knowledge of the science of health and nutrition. (e) \_\_\_\_\_, they suffer from various diseases. (All Boards-2018)
- 9. We know that trees are essential for all kinds of creatures. They give us not only food (a) \_\_\_\_\_ oxygen. They protect us from natural calamities. (b)\_\_\_\_\_, they are called the saviour of our environment. (c) \_\_\_\_\_ many people are not aware of this. They cut down trees

randomly. (d)\_\_\_\_, forest lands are shrinking. (e)\_\_\_\_ people go on cutting down trees, one day there will be no trees left for us. (DB-2017)

- 10. 21<sup>st</sup> February is a red-letter day in our national history. It is our pride (a) \_\_\_\_\_ no nation of the world has ever fought for its language the way we fought. So it has been now declared as the International Mother Language Day. The proposal has been passed unanimously in the General Assembly of the UNESCO (b) \_\_\_\_\_some countries pointed out (C) \_\_\_\_\_ the incident of 21st is related to the Bangalees only. (d)\_\_\_\_, the recognition of the day, (e) \_\_\_\_\_ the International Mother Language Day by UNESCO has upheld the prestige of Bangalees all over the world. (CB-2017)
- 11. Ripa is a student of class ten. (a) \_\_\_\_\_\_ she is meritorious, she never takes pride in her merit. She is helpful to all. (b) \_\_\_\_\_ any weak student comes to her with any problem, she tries to help him. She is respectful to the senior (c) \_\_\_\_\_ affectionate to the Junior. She is simple in behaviour (d) \_\_\_\_\_ strict in principle. (e) \_\_\_\_\_, everyone loves her. (RB-2017)
- 12. Globalization is a term (a) \_\_\_\_\_ is commonly used by man. (b) \_\_\_\_\_ it is a process of expanding trade and commerce all over the world creating a borderless market. (c) \_\_\_\_\_ global development, we have conquered the time (d) \_\_\_\_\_ distance. (e) \_\_\_\_\_, we can learn what is happening in the farthest corner of the world. (DjB-2017)
- 13. Complete the passage with suitable connectors: Trees are very important (a) \_\_\_\_\_ they produce oxygen (b) \_\_\_\_\_ is a must for man and all living beings. We must realize (c) \_\_\_\_\_ they help us in many ways. (d) \_\_\_\_\_ trees are less in number, there will be an increased amount of carbon di-oxide in the atmosphere. (e) \_\_\_\_\_ it will enhance greenhouse effect. (JB-2017)
- 14. Global warming is increasing day by day (a) \_\_\_\_\_deforestation. We cut down trees (b) \_\_\_\_\_ never think of planting more trees. (c) \_\_\_\_\_ human and other living beings are in the threat of extinction. Time is coming (d) \_\_\_\_\_ there will be no tree left for us. (e) \_\_\_\_\_ we have to face bitter consequence of deforestation. (CtgB-2017)
- 15. None can deny the importance of tree plantation (a) \_\_\_\_\_ our lives on earth directly or indirectly depend on it. (b) \_\_\_\_\_ it is a matter of sorrow that we are cutting down trees indiscriminately. (c) \_\_\_\_\_ trees are planted, soon our country will turn into desert (d) there will be an adverse change in the climate. (e) \_\_\_\_\_, we should plant more and more trees for our own sake. (SB-2017)
- 16. Rural life and urban life have many common sides. (a) \_\_\_\_\_ differences between them are greater. Rural people do not have adequate educational and medical facilities. (b) \_\_\_\_\_, they face problems with their communication network. (c) \_\_\_\_\_, the urban people enjoy educational and medical facilities. (d) \_\_\_\_\_ the people of cities and towns enjoy a smooth and easy communication system. (e) \_\_\_\_\_, there is a rush of people to come to cities from villages every year. (BB-2017)
- 17. Gold is a bright precious metal. There are many metals cheaper (a) \_\_\_\_\_ gold but look like it. They glitter well (b) \_\_\_\_\_ fade in course of time. Actually there are many people in our

society (c) \_\_\_\_\_ are outwardly gentle and nice. But (d) \_\_\_\_\_a period of time, their real identity is revealed. (e) \_\_\_\_\_, all that glitters is not gold. (DB-2016)

- 18. Student life is the best time in life (a) \_\_\_\_\_ almost every student is free from cares (b) \_\_\_\_\_ anxieties of life. He has nothing to do (c) \_\_\_\_\_ study. (d) \_\_\_\_\_ a student, he should read novels, magazines, newspapers (e) \_\_\_\_\_ text books. (CB-2016)
- 19. Honesty is a noble virtue. The man (a) \_\_\_\_\_ possesses this rare quality is the happiest person in the world. To be honest, a person should have trustworthiness. (b) \_\_\_\_\_ nobody trusts a liar. (c) \_\_\_\_\_, Allah helps the honest people. (d) \_\_\_\_\_ children should be taught honesty from the beginning of life. (e) they should be taught discipline too. (SB-2019)
- 20. An idle man does not do his work in right time. He puts off work of today for tomorrow. A student (a) \_\_\_\_\_ neglects his daily lessons is sure to fail. A young man who idles away his time becomes a burden to the family (b) \_\_\_\_\_ the society. His brain becomes the workshop of Devils. It is said (c) \_\_\_\_\_ the Devil tempts the busy man (d) \_\_\_\_\_ the idle man tempts the Devil. (e) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone should make the best use of time. (DjB-2016)
- 21. (a) \_\_\_\_\_population problem is one of the greatest problems in our country. (b) \_\_\_\_\_ Bangladesh is a small country, it has a huge population. The government finds it difficult to provide basic necessities. (c) \_\_\_\_\_it has become a great concern to all. (d) \_\_\_\_\_solving this problem some necessary steps should be taken. In this regard general people should help the government. (e) \_\_\_\_\_the population growth is controlled, people will lead a happy life. JB-2016
- 22. Every citizen has some duties and responsibilities for his nation. (a) \_\_\_\_\_most of the people are careless in this respect. People of this country have achieved national identity at the cost of a great sacrifice (b) \_\_\_\_\_ is still evaluated nationally (c) \_\_\_\_\_some selfish people never want to give them recognition. (d) \_\_\_\_\_ we all should do some benevolent activities. (e) \_\_\_\_\_we will be guilty to the nation. (CigB-2016)
- 23. (a) I were a rich man, I would help others. People living under poverty line has the hope of better days (b) they do not get (c) they dream of. (d) their condition is getting from bad to worse. The only thing (e) they need is nothing but education.
  (SB-2016)
- 24. A hare is a very speedy animal; (a) \_\_\_\_\_ a tortoise moves very slowly. (b) \_\_\_\_\_ it has a heavy shell on its back. (c) \_\_\_\_\_, its legs are short. (d) \_\_\_\_\_, it cannot move as fast as other animals. One morning a hare laughed at a tortoise hare for its slow motion. The hare asked the tortoise to run a race. (e) \_\_\_\_\_ the tortoise hurt, it the agreed to the proposal of the hare. . (BB-2016)
- 25. The foods that we eat can be divided into six kinds (a) \_\_\_\_\_we eat can be divided what substances they contain and b)\_\_\_\_\_ benefits they do to us. Fish, meat, peas and milk provide us protein (c) \_\_\_\_builds our body and helps us grow. (d) \_\_\_\_we do not take all these, we cannot grow well. Vitamins and mineral salts protect us from diseases (e) \_\_\_\_keep us fit for work. (DB-2015)
- 26. Once upon fox a time there lived a (a) \_\_\_\_\_ was very clever. He lived in a jungle in a very hot country (b) \_\_\_\_\_ Bangladesh. One day, (C) \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Fox was walking through the

jungle, he fell into a trap. After trying very hard he could his get out of the trap (d) \_\_\_\_\_lost his tail. Without his tail Mr. Fox looked very strange. (e) \_\_\_\_\_he felt very sad and ashamed. . (CB-2015)

- 27. (a) \_\_\_\_\_ there are some difference between practical knowledge and bookish knowledge.
  (b) \_\_\_\_\_ often they are thought to be the same .(c) \_\_\_\_\_ a man is educated in the truest sense, he will be able to lead a life completely different from others. (d) \_\_\_\_\_ he can distinguish between right and wrong. (e) \_\_\_\_\_ education is very important. (RB-2015)
- 28. Summer noon is very painful and disgusting. (a) \_\_\_\_\_ the sun shines hotly over head, life becomes miserable. The sufferings of the people know no bounds (b) \_\_\_\_\_ the electricity goes off. (c) \_\_\_\_\_ the people use hand fans to fan themselves. Children can neither sleep (d) \_\_\_\_\_ read. They feel out of sorts. (e) \_\_\_\_\_ the poor suffer most. They work outside in the burning sun. (DjB-2015)
- 29. The rapid growth of population must be controlled. (a)\_\_\_\_all sorts of attempts to solve food problem will fail. (b) \_\_\_\_, we have to increase our food production very rapidly. We may, mostly, solve our food problem by changing our traditional food habit. (c) \_\_\_\_we can take potato instead of rice. (d)\_\_\_\_ it is high time we changed our eating habit. (e)\_\_\_\_knowledge of nutritive value of food can help to solve our food problem to a great extent. (JB-2015)
- 30. Women are, nowadays, as important as men in the society. They constitute nearly half of our total population, (a) \_\_\_\_\_ there can be no denying the fact (b) \_\_\_\_\_ they too possess equal rights and duties (C) \_\_\_\_\_ men do. They have noble mission to fulfill as men. (d) \_\_\_\_\_ they get opportunity, their genius, powers (e) \_\_\_\_\_ capacities will bloom fully. (CtgB-2015)
- 31. It is known to all that gold is a valuable metal. (a) \_\_\_\_\_, there are many metals cheaper than gold though they look like it. (b) \_\_\_\_\_they glitter for sometime, they fade away in the long run. In our society there are also many people (c) \_\_\_\_are outwardly very gentle and polished. Later on, their real identity is revealed (d) \_\_\_\_\_they do not exercise moral values. That's why people say, "All (e) \_\_\_\_\_glitters is not gold" (SB-2015)
- 32. A healthy man can do any work. (a) \_\_\_\_\_ he can eat any food he likes. (b) \_\_\_\_\_, he can enjoy life in every way. (c) \_\_\_\_\_, an unhealthy man is unhappy, for he cannot eat and do what he likes. (d) \_\_\_\_\_ he lives and dies poor. He may have intelligence, merit and power, but he cannot put them to the use and reap their benefits. (e) \_\_\_\_\_ health is the source of all happiness in life. (BB-2015)