

Class: 4 Subject : Mathematics Prepared by : Israt sultana Date:16/7/2020 Lecture no 5

Solution

Word Problem

<u>Note 1:</u>

Solution: Container A has $\frac{1}{2}$ litre of waterCalculation,Container B has $(+)\frac{1}{3}$ litre of water $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{6} + \frac{2}{6}$ Total $=\frac{5}{6}$ litre of waterAns: Total $\frac{5}{6}$ litre of water.Note 2:Calculation,Solution: Total milk has $\frac{2}{3}$ litreYou have taken milk $(-)\frac{1}{4}$ litreRemaining milk $=\frac{5}{12}$ litreAns: Remaining $\frac{5}{6}$ litre of milk.

Exercise 1

Solution: Mr. Afjal bought,

Rice = $\frac{1}{2}$ portion **Vegetables** = $\frac{3}{10}$ portion **Fruits** = (+) $\frac{1}{10}$ portion

$$\mathbf{Fotal} = \frac{9}{10} \mathbf{portion}$$

<u>Ans:</u> He spent $\frac{9}{10}$ portion in total money.

Exercise 2:

Solution: Ribbon length is $=\frac{13}{25}$ metre

Cutting ribbon length is $= (-)\frac{2}{5}$ metre Remaining ribbon length is $=\frac{3}{25}$ metre <u>Ans:</u> Remaining ribbon length is $\frac{3}{25}$ metre

Exercise 3: Solution: Anika got $=\frac{1}{3}$ part of bread Ayra got $=(+)\frac{4}{3}$ part of bread They got total $=\frac{5}{3}$ part of bread

Calculation,

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{5}{10} + \frac{3}{10} + \frac{1}{10}$$

 $= \frac{9}{10}$

Calculation,

$$\frac{13}{25} - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{13}{25} - \frac{10}{25} = \frac{3}{25}$$

Calculation, $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{5}{3}$ Ans: They got total $\frac{5}{3}$ part of bread.Exercise 3:Calculation, $\frac{5}{9} - \frac{2}{9} = \frac{3}{9} \frac{1}{9_3}$ Solution: 1^{st} fraction $13is = \frac{5}{9}$ 2^{nd} fraction $is = (-)\frac{2}{9}$ Difference $=\frac{3}{9}\frac{1}{9_3} = \frac{1}{3}$

Short question

Solution:

1. <u>Ans:</u> Fraction is a number which has a numerator and a denominator.

$$Fraction = \frac{Numerator}{Deno\min ator}$$

- 2. <u>Ans:</u> A fraction in which the numerator is less than the denominator is called a proper fraction (numerator< denominator).
- 3. <u>Ans:</u> A fraction in which the numerator is greater than the denominator (numerator> denominator) or the numerator is equal to the denominator (numerator= denominator) is called an improper fraction.
- 4. <u>Ans:</u> $\frac{6}{8}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{12}{17}, \frac{15}{19}, \frac{24}{28}$
- 5. <u>Ans:</u> $\frac{5}{5}, \frac{7}{7}, \frac{7}{5}, \frac{10}{7}, \frac{23}{12}$
- 6. Fill in the blanks:
 - ²/₇ is a proper fraction.
 ⁶/₄ is an improper fraction.
 - $\frac{a}{b}$ is where "a" is a numerator.

• $\frac{p}{q}$ is where "q" is a denominator.

7. Put the symbols "<", ">" or "="

•	$\frac{4}{13}$	<	$\frac{4}{7}$
•	$\frac{3}{5}$	>	$\frac{3}{10}$
•	$\frac{1}{2}$	<	$\frac{3}{2}$
•	$\frac{5}{7}$	>	$\frac{4}{7}$
•	$\frac{7}{9}$	<	1
•	$\frac{2}{3}$	=	$\frac{2}{3}$