

Class: 4

Subject : Mathematics

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Campus : Bosonto

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Chapter: Eight

Fractions

Lecture no-01

$$\text{Fraction} = \frac{\text{Numerator}}{\text{Denominator}} = \frac{a}{b}$$

Here, a=Numerator

And b= Denominator

For example : Fraction = $\frac{3}{7}$

Here, 3=Numerator

And 7= Denominator

8.1 Common fractions with the same denominator

1. Colour the following

$$\frac{1}{5}$$

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$$\frac{3}{8}$$

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2. Put the symbols “<” or “>”

(1) $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ (2) $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{1}{5}$ (3) $\frac{5}{7}$ $\frac{4}{7}$ (4) $\frac{8}{9}$ 1

3. Do calculation

(1) $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$ (2) $\frac{2}{7} + \frac{4}{7}$ (3) $\frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$ (4) $\frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{10}$

(1) $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}$ (2) $\frac{7}{9} - \frac{5}{9}$ (3) $1 - \frac{2}{3}$ (4) $1 - \frac{7}{10}$

8.2 Fractions smaller than 1, equal to 1 and larger than 1

Proper fraction: A fraction in which the numerator is less than the denominator is called proper fraction. (numerator < denominator)

Such that , $\frac{3 \rightarrow \text{smaller}}{4 \rightarrow \text{larger}}$

So that $\frac{3}{4}$ is a proper fraction

Improper fraction: A fraction in which the numerator is greater than the denominator (numerator > denominator) or numerator is equal to denominator (numerator = denominator) is called improper fraction.

Such that , $\frac{7 \rightarrow \text{larger}}{4 \rightarrow \text{smaller}}$

So that $\frac{7}{4}$ is a improper fraction.(numerator > denominator)

Again, Such that , $\frac{4}{4} = \text{equal}$

So that $\frac{4}{4}$ is a improper fraction.(numerator = denominator)

Exercise(1) page no-94

1. Find proper fractions and fractions equal to 1 in the box

(1) Proper fractions are

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(2) Improper fractions are

()

$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{4}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{8}{5}, \frac{3}{9}, \frac{13}{12}, \frac{27}{26}$
$\frac{1}{1}, \frac{76}{76}, \frac{42}{48}, \frac{2}{25}, \frac{3}{3}$

2. Arrange the followings from smaller to larger and show it by symbols

(1) $\frac{6}{7}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{7}{7}, \frac{2}{7}$ (2) $\frac{4}{7}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{4}{11}, \frac{4}{9}$ (3) $\frac{11}{23}, \frac{11}{13}, \frac{11}{17}, \frac{11}{91}$

Solution

1. Colour the following

$$\frac{1}{5}$$



$$\frac{3}{8}$$



2. Put the symbols “<” or “>”

$$(1) \frac{1}{4} \boxed{<} \frac{3}{4} \quad (2) \frac{2}{5} \boxed{>} \frac{1}{5} \quad (3) \frac{5}{7} \boxed{>} \frac{4}{7} \quad (4) \frac{8}{9} < \boxed{1}$$

3. Do calculation

$$(1) \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{Solution: } \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{1+1}{3} \quad H.c.f = 3$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{Ans: } \frac{2}{3}$$

$$(2) \frac{2}{7} + \frac{4}{7}$$

$$\text{Solution: } \frac{2}{7} + \frac{4}{7}$$

$$= \frac{2+4}{7} \quad H.c.f = 7$$

$$= \frac{6}{7}$$

$$\text{Ans: } \frac{6}{7}$$

$$(3) \frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\text{Solution: } \frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{5+1}{6} \quad H.c.f = 6$$

$$= \frac{6}{6}$$

$$= 1$$

Ans:1

$$(4) \frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{10}$$

$$\text{Solution: } \frac{3}{10} + \frac{7}{10}$$

$$= \frac{3+7}{10} \quad H.c.f = 10$$

$$= \frac{10}{10}$$

$$= 1$$

Ans:1

$$(1) \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{Solution: } \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{2-1}{3} \quad H.c.f = 3$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{Ans: } \frac{1}{3}$$

$$(2) \frac{7}{9} - \frac{5}{9}$$

$$\text{Solution: } \frac{7}{9} - \frac{5}{9}$$

$$= \frac{7-5}{9} \quad H.c.f = 9$$

$$= \frac{2}{9}$$

Ans: $\frac{2}{9}$

(3) $1 - \frac{2}{3}$

Solution: $1 - \frac{2}{3}$
 $= \frac{3-2}{3}$ H.c.f = 3
 $= \frac{1}{3}$

Ans: $\frac{1}{3}$

(4) $1 - \frac{7}{10}$

Solution: $1 - \frac{7}{10}$
 $= \frac{10-7}{10}$ H.c.f = 10
 $= \frac{3}{10}$

Ans: $\frac{3}{10}$

Exercise(1) page no-94

1. Find proper fractions and fractions equal to 1 in the box

(1) Proper fractions are

()

(2) Improper fractions are

()

$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{4}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{8}{5}, \frac{3}{9}, \frac{13}{12}, \frac{27}{26}$
$\frac{1}{1}, \frac{76}{76}, \frac{42}{48}, \frac{2}{25}, \frac{3}{3}$

Solution:

(1) **Proper fractions are** $= \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{3}{9}, \frac{42}{48}, \frac{2}{25}$

(2) **Improper fractions are** $= \frac{4}{4}, \frac{8}{5}, \frac{13}{12}, \frac{27}{26}, \frac{1}{1}, \frac{76}{76}, \frac{42}{48}, \frac{3}{3}$

2. Arrange the followings from smaller to larger and show it by symbols

(1) $\frac{6}{7}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{7}{7}, \frac{2}{7}$

Solution: $\frac{2}{7} < \frac{3}{7} < \frac{6}{7} < \frac{7}{7}$

(2) $\frac{4}{7}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{4}{11}, \frac{4}{9}$

Solution: $\frac{4}{11} < \frac{4}{9} < \frac{4}{7} < \frac{4}{5}$

(3) $\frac{11}{23}, \frac{11}{13}, \frac{11}{17}, \frac{11}{91}$

Solution: $\frac{11}{91} < \frac{11}{23} < \frac{11}{17} < \frac{11}{13}$