

Class-4
BANGLADESH AND GLOBAL STUDIES
(Chapter 7- The Dignity of work)
Revision sheet
Day-1
Date-9/8/2020

Exercise:

A. Answer in short of the following questions:

1. What is called dignity?
2. Define the work.
3. What do understand by occupations?
4. What is called manual occupation?
5. Write down five examples of manual occupations.
6. Who are working in the factory?
7. What types of work do the factory worker do?
8. Write down two results of the factory workers.
9. What is the duty of the cleaner?
10. Where are the cleaner work?
11. How should we behave with people with different kinds of jobs?
12. Write down two results of cleaner.
13. What is called transport worker?
14. What do the transport worker do?
15. Which job do you think is the hardest and why?
16. What manual jobs do you see in your neighbourhood? Make a list of it.
17. Where are the factory workers work?
18. What is called Professional occupation?
19. Write down five examples of professional occupation.
20. Define office worker.
21. Write down two responsibilities of office worker.
22. Give some examples of office workers.
23. Do the professional worker have to sit for special exam to get these jobs?
24. What is called business?
25. Define sales management.
26. What is the duty of sales management?
27. What clothes do the professional people wear to go to work?

28. What do you understand by professions?
29. What type of work do the teacher do?
30. What professionals jobs are done in hospitals?
31. What is the responsibility of pharmacist?
32. What is the purpose of a doctor?
33. What is the duty of an engineer?
34. What is called legal occupations.
35. Write down five examples of legal occupations.
36. Write down two responsibilities of the polices.
37. What is called lawyer?
38. What values would you need to work in the police?
39. What is the purpose of legal profession?
40. What are the duties of the lawyers?
41. What do you understand by judge?
42. What clothe does the judge wear to go to work?
43. Write down two three responsibilities of the judges.
44. Give some examples of different types of lawyer.

Exercise:

B. Answer the following broad question:

1. What is called manual occupations? Discuss about different types of manual occupations with examples.
2. What is called professional occupations? Discuss about different types of professional occupations with examples.
3. What job would you like to do when you grow up and why? Write down it about four sentences.
4. What is called police? Write down four responsibilities of the polices.
5. What is called lawyer? Write down three duties of the lawyers.
6. What do you mean by the judge? Write down four responsibilities of the judges.

***** True/False, MCQ, Fill In The Blank, Matching (Unseen) from the main book on chapter -7**

***** Practice all Exercises from the book on Chapter- 7**

**Prepared by Tamanna Afrin
(Assistant Teacher)
Boshonto Campus**

**Class-4
BANGLADESH AND GLOBAL STUDIES
(Chapter 7- The Dignity of work)
Revision Sheet
Day-1**

Answer sheet

Exercise:

A. Answer in short of the following questions:

1. Ans: Dignity is defined as the personal quality of being worthy of honour. An example of dignity is the respect paid to an elder member in the family.
2. Ans: Work means an activity that a person uses physical or mental effort to do usually for money.
3. Ans: A person's usual or principal work or business especially as a means of earning money. For example, police, doctor.
4. Ans: Manual work is physical work done by humans.
5. Ans: Five examples of manual occupations are
 - a. Factory worker.
 - b. Cleaner
 - c. Transport worker
 - d. Farming
 - e. Painting
6. Ans: The factory workers like garment workers are working in the factory.
7. Ans: The factory worker work long hours in the factory where they operate machines to create products, checking product quality, testing samples, making clothes for exporting etc.
8. Ans: The results of the factory worker's work are
 - a. To develop Bangladesh's economy.
 - b. To earn foreign currency.
9. Ans: The duty of the cleaners are kept clean our roads, hospitals, offices, schools and to keep our environment clean and safe.
10. Ans: The cleaners work in hospital, offices, schools, colleges, streets.
11. Ans: We should behave nicely and respect with people with different kinds of jobs.
12. Ans: The results of the cleaners are
 - a. To make our environment clean.
 - b. To reduce pollution of environment.
13. Ans: A person who is licensed to operate buses, trucks, taxis or any kind of vehicles publicly called him/her transport worker.
14. Ans: The transport worker drive car, bus, taxis, trucks. They also drive people from one place to another places. They also deliver goods.
15. Write down the answer to yourself.

16. I saw a lots of manual jobs in my neighbourhood such as a.Rickshawala, b.Truck driver. c.Garments worker, d.Factory worker, e.Cleaner, f.Delivery man, g.Masons h.Tailor

17. Ans:The factory workers work in the different types of factories.

18.Ans:The term professional occupation refers to anyone who earns their living from performing an activity that requires a certain level of education, skill or training.

19. Ans:Five examples of professional occupations are

- a.Teacher
- b. Banker
- c.Business and sales management
- d.Engineer.
- e.Office work

20.Ans:An employee who works in an office, especially one engaged in clerical or administrative work.

21.Ans: The two responsibilities of office workers are

- a. They help to make things happen for others.
- b. They provide information for others.

22.The examples of office workers are account manager, office manager, data entry clerk, office assistant.

23. Ans:Yes the professional worker have to sit for special exam to get these jobs.

24. Ans:Business is the activity of making one's living or making money by producing or buying and selling goods and service.

25. Ans:Sales management refers to the process of developing a marketing team, leading a marketing team coordinating sales activity.

26. Ans:The duties of the sales managements are

- a. Sales planing.
- b. Distribution and dealer relations.

27. Ans:The professional people wear formal dress like shirt pant and women wear salawer kamij or saree to go to work.

28. Ans:A profession is a type of job that requires advanced education or training.

29. Ans: The teachers teach the students.

30. Ans:Doctors provide health service in the hospital.

31. And:The responsibility of the pharmacists make drugs to keep us well.

32. Ans:The purpose of the doctor is given health service to the patients.

33. Ans: The duty of the engineer is to design the roads, buildings, bridges.
34. Ans: The term legal occupation refers to anyone who works in different types of legal department for earning money.
35. Ans: The five examples of legal occupations are police, lawyer, Judge, C.I.D, F.B.I etc.
36. Ans: The two responsibilities of the polices are
- They work to protect the law and order of the country
 - Their major responsibility is to bring the criminal to the court.
37. Ans: The definition of a lawyer is someone who gives legal advice and represents people in legal matters.
38. Ans: We need honesty, truthfulness, discipline, politeness, sense of justice to work in police.
39. Ans: The purpose of legal occupation is to maintain peace and discipline in the society.
40. Ans: The duties of the lawyers are
- The lawyer help the people by legal aid.
 - They also prosecute cases in favour of accused persons in the court.
41. Ans: A judge is the person in the court of law who hears and decides cases .
42. Ans: Judges wear a black silk gown.
43. Ans: The two responsibilities of the judges are
- Hearing evidence.
 - Making decisions on motions.
 - Instructing juries.
44. Ans: Some examples of different types of lawyer are criminal lawyer, bankruptcy lawyer, Immigration lawyer, corporate lawyer, employment lawyer etc.

Exercise:

B. Answer the following broad question:

1. What is called manual occupations? Discuss about different types of manual occupations with examples.

1. Ans: **Manual work:** Manual work is physical work done by humans. The different types of manual occupations with examples are given below.

a. Factory worker: A person who works in factory. They work long hours in the factory where they operate machines to create products, checking product quality, testing samples, making clothes for exporting. For example, Garments factory,

Pharmaceutical factory, Agriculture factory, Cottage factory.

b. Cleaner: A person whose job is to clean houses, offices, public places etc. For example, school cleaner, hospital cleaner, Office cleaner, street cleaner.

c. Transport worker: A person who is licensed to operate buses, trucks, taxis or any kind of vehicles publicly called him/her transport worker. For example, bus driver, launch driver, taxi driver, rickshawala, van driver, truck driver.

2. Ans: **Professional occupation:** The term professional occupation refers to anyone who earns their living from performing an activity that requires a certain level of education, skill or training.

a. Office worker: An employee who works in an office, especially one engaged in clerical or administrative work. For example,

1. Account manager
2. Office manager
3. Data Entry Clerk
4. Administrative Assistant
7. Office Assistant

b. Business worker: Business is the activity of making one's living or making money by producing or buying and selling goods and service. Many people work in different types of business office. For example,

1. Food business
2. Catering business.
3. Real Estate business.
4. Stationery business
5. Garments Business.
6. Farming business.
7. Fish business.

c. The Professions: A profession is a type of job that requires advanced education or training. For example,

1. Teacher
2. Engineer.
3. Doctor
4. Pharmacists.

3. Ans: This is a creative question. Students will write it in their own words.

4. Ans: **Police :** The civil force of a state who is responsible for the prevention and detection of crime and the maintenance of public order. The responsibilities of the police are:

1. They work to protect the law and order of the country.
 2. Their major responsibility is to bring the criminal to the court.
 3. They also play vital role ensuring orderly movement of transport on the street.
 4. They also help the people to move safely on the road.
5. Ans: **Lawyer:** The definition of a lawyer is someone who gives legal advice and represents people in legal matters. The responsibilities of the Lawyers:
- a. The lawyer help the people by legal aid.
 - b. They also prosecute cases in favour of accused persons in the court.
 - c. They help the court by explaining law.
6. Ans: **Judge:** A judge is the person in the court of law who hears and decides cases .The responsibilities of the Judges are:
1. Hearing evidence.
 2. Making decisions on motions.
 3. Instructing juries.
 4. Making rulings.
 5. Interpreting laws.

Prepared by Tamanna Afrin
(Assistant Teacher)
Boshonto Campus

