

Class-5

Subject-Mathematics

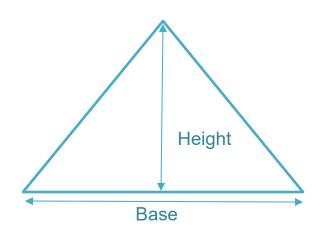
Chapter-11

Measurement

Lecture-9

What is triangle?

A triangle is a closed figure with three sides.



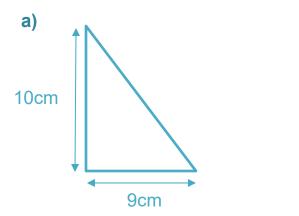
Formula:

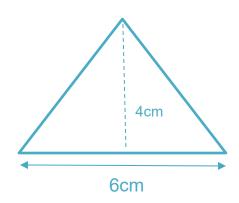
1) Area of triangle =
$$\frac{(Base \times Height)}{2}$$

2) Base = $\frac{(2 \times Area)}{Height}$
3) Height = $\frac{(2 \times Area)}{Base}$

** Calculate the area of the following triangle:

b)





Solution:

a) Given,

Base = 9cm

Height = 10cm

We know,

Area of triangle =
$$\frac{(Base \times Height)}{2}$$

= $\frac{(9 \times 10)}{2}$ Sq. cm
= $\frac{90}{2}$ Sq. cm
= 45 Sq. cm

Ans: 45 Sq. cm.

b) Given,

Base = 6cm

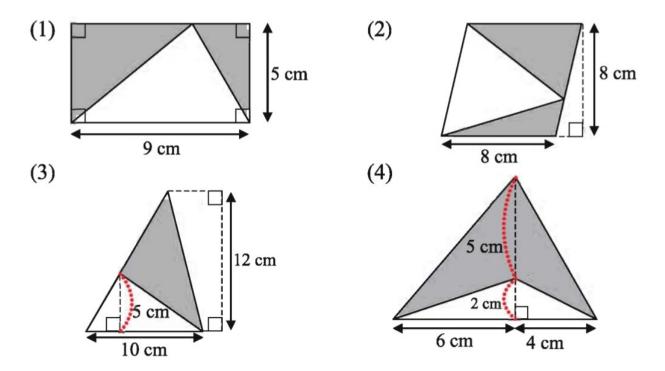
Height = 4cm

We know,

Area of triangle = $\frac{(Base \times Height)}{2}$ = $\frac{(6 \times 4)}{2}$ Sq. cm = $\frac{24}{2}$ Sq. cm = 12 Sq. cm

Ans: 12 Sq. cm.





** Calculate the area of the coloured parts in the following figures:

Solution:

1) Given,

For rectangle, Length = 9cm and width = 5cm

For triangle, Base = 9cm and height = 5cm

Area of the coloured part = Area of the rectangle – Area of the triangle

= {(Length × Width) -
$$(\frac{(Base × Height)}{2})$$
}
= {(9 × 5) - $(\frac{9 × 5}{2})$ } Sq. cm.
= (45 - $\frac{45}{2}$) Sq. cm.
= (45 - 22.5) Sq. cm.

Ans: 22.5 Sq. cm.

2) Given,

For parallelogram, base = 8cm and height = 8cm

For triangle, Base = 8cm and height = 8cm

Area of the coloured part = Area of the parallelogram – Area of the triangle

= {(Base × Height) - $(\frac{(Base × Height)}{2})$ } = {(8 × 8) - $(\frac{8 × 8}{2})$ } Sq. cm. = (64 - $\frac{64}{2}$) Sq. cm. = (64 - 32) Sq. cm. = 32 Sq. cm.

Ans: 32 Sq. cm.

3) Area of the coloured part

= Area of the triangle with base 10cm and height 12cm – Area of the triangle with base 10cm and height 5cm

 $= \{(\frac{\text{Base} \times \text{Height}}{2}) - (\frac{\text{Base} \times \text{Height}}{2})\}$

$$= \{ \left(\frac{10 \times 12}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{10 \times 5}{2}\right) \} \text{ Sq. cm.}$$
$$= \left(\frac{120}{2} - \frac{50}{2}\right) \text{ Sq. cm.}$$
$$= (60 - 25) \text{ Sq. cm.}$$
$$= 35 \text{ Sq. cm.}$$

Ans: 35 Sq. cm.

4) Area of the coloured part

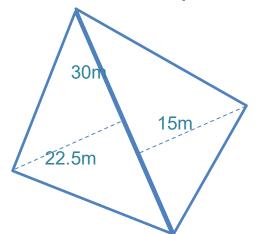
= Area of the triangle with base (6+4) cm or 10cm and height (5+2) cm or 7cm – Area of the triangle with base (6+4) cm or 10cm and height 2cm

$$= \{(\frac{\text{Base} \times \text{Height}}{2}) - (\frac{\text{Base} \times \text{Height}}{2})\}$$

= $\{(\frac{10 \times 7}{2}) - (\frac{10 \times 2}{2})\}$ Sq. cm.
= $(\frac{70}{2} - \frac{20}{2})$ Sq. cm.
= $(35 - 10)$ Sq. cm.
= 25 Sq. cm.

Ans: 25 Sq. cm.

** There is a quadrilateral field that one of the diagonals is 30m and the distance from the diagonal to the opposite vertices are 15m and 22.5m. calculate the area of this quadrilateral.



Solution: According to the given figure,

Area of quadrilateral = Area of the triangle with height 15m and base 30m

+ Area of the triangle with height 22.5m and base 30m

$$\therefore \text{ Required area} = \{(\frac{\text{Base} \times \text{Height}}{2}) + (\frac{\text{Base} \times \text{Height}}{2})\} \\ = \{(\frac{30 \times 15}{2}) + (\frac{30 \times 22.5}{2})\} \text{ Sq. m.} \\ = \{(15 \times 15) + (15 \times 22.5)\} \text{ Sq. m.} \\ = (225 + 337.5) \text{ Sq. m.} \\ = 562.5 \text{ Sq. m.} \end{cases}$$

Ans: 562.5 Sq. m.

2. Exercise (Do Yourself)

** The height of a triangle is 0.8 km and its area is 1.2 square km, then how many kilometres is the base?