

Subject: Bangladesh & Global Studies Class: Five 2nd Term Syllabus: Revision Work Sheet

Day--4 Samia Laboni Date: 16-08-2020, Sunday

Chapter- 8: Gender Equality

• <u>Read the related topic from the text book and study the lecture sheet.</u>

Topic-1: Pioneer for women

A. One Sentence Answer:

- Who was the pioneer of women's renaissance? (2018)
 Answer: Begum Rokeya was the pioneer of women's renaissance.
- 2) Where did Rokeya born? / Where was Begum Rokeya born? (2013,2015)

Answer: Begum Rokeya was born in the village of Pairabondh, Mithapukur, at Rangpur district.

3) On which year Rokeya was born? (2015)

Answer: Begum Rokeya was born on December 9, 1880.

B. Creative Question Answer:

1.Where was Begum Rokeya born? Why is girl's education necessary? Write 4 contribution of Rokeya in girl's education (2018).
Answer: Begum Rokeya was born in the village of Pairabondh, Mithapukur, at Rangpur district.

Education is a basic right and every male and female citizen of a country deserves education.

Four contributions of Rokeya in girl's education are:

- i In 1909 Begum Rokeya opened a girls' school at Bhagolpur.
- ii She campaigned tirelessly to admit more girls to her school.
- iii All her life she advocated women's education.
- iv Her hard work has created opportunities for women in education.
- 2. Who was Begum Rokeya? Why do we respect her still now? Write three

contributions of Begum Rokeya in women renaissance. [2017]

Answer: Begum Rokeya was a pioneer of women's rights in the Indian subcontinent.

We remember her with respect because of her contribution to establish female education and rights.

Three contributions of Begum Rokeya in women renaissance are:

- i Begum Rokeya opened a girls' school at Bhagolpur.
- ii She had great contribution in female education.
- iii She founded the Muslim women's society, to make women aware of their rights.
- 3. Who was Begum Rokeya? Write five of her activities for development of

women and their education. [2015]

Answer: Begum Rokeya was a pioneer of women's rights in the Indian subcontinent.

Five of her activities for development of women and their education are:

- i In 1909 Begum Rokeya opened a girls' school at Bhagolpur.
- ii She campaigned tirelessly to admit more girls to her school.
- iii All her life she advocated women's education.
- iv Her hard work has created opportunities for women in education
- v She founded the Muslim women's society, to make women aware of their rights.

4. What is the date of Rokeya Day? Why is Begum Rokeya called the Pioneer of Women? Write four demerits of violence against women. (2018)

Answer: 9 December is the date of 'Rokeya Day'.

Begum Rokeya is called the 'Pioneer of Women Renaissance' because she played a great role in making the society conscious of women education.

Four demerits of violence against women are____

- i A woman is affected both mentally and physically due to violence.
- ii Mental and physical development of children is also affected if there takes place an incident of violence in a family.
- iii Education of the women is hampered.
- iv Development of the country is hampered.

C. Fil in the gaps:

- 1. "Everything that is great in the world must be credited half to <u>women</u> and half to <u>men</u>." Said Poet Kazi Nazrul Islam.
- 2. Begum Rokeya was born on <u>December 9</u>, 1880 in Rangpur.
- 3. Begum Rokeya was a pioneer of women's rights in the Indian subcontinent.
- 4. She became a passionate supporter of girls' <u>education</u>.
- 5. In <u>1909</u> she opened a girls' school at <u>Bhagolpur</u>.
- 6. She campaigned tirelessly to <u>admit more</u> girls to her school.
- 7. <u>9 December</u> is commemorated as <u>Rokeya Day</u> by the government of Bangladesh.
- 8. She died on <u>9 December 1932.</u>

Topic-2: International Women's Day

A. One Sentence Question Answer:

1. Which international organization declared International Women's Day and when? (2018)

Answer: In 1 977, The United Nations declared 8 March as International Women's Day for the whole world.

2. In which date International Women's Day is observed? [2017]

Answer: Every year on 8 March International Women's Day is observed.

B. Creative Question Answer:

1. Every year on 8 March, we observed a day. What is the name of this day? When did the United Nations declare the day? Write down the significance of the day in four sentences.

Answer: The name of the day is International Women's Day. The United Nations declared the day in 1977.

The significance of the day _____

- a) To bring an encouraging change worldwide.
- b) To bring a positive change by challenging the backwardness of gender equality.
- c) To removing social and financial discrimination between men and women.
- d) To raise awareness about different aspects of women rights.

2. Which day was declared as 'International Women's Day' by the United Nations? Why this day is observed? Write what International Women's Day is aiming to achieve.

Answer: 8 March was declared as 'International Women's Day' by the United Nations.

The Women's Day is observed internationally with a view to removing discrimination between men and women.

International Women's Day is aiming to achieve

- a) 'Inspiring Change' is the theme which encourages demands for women's advancement everywhere in every way.
- b) It calls for challenging the status for women's equality and vigilance inspiring positive change.

3. Draw a timeline of the events that led to International Women's Day.

Answer: The events that led to International Women's Day_____

- a) On 8 March 1857, Women of garment workers in New York went on strike. They demanded equal pay to men and an eight-hour working day.
- b) On the same day in 1908 there was another mass strike by women of the Garment Workers Union in New York.
- c) Then in 1910, the German socialist Clara Zetkin called for an International Women's Day, campaigning particularly for votes for women.
- d) In 1913 Russia celebrated Women's day on the last Sunday of February.
- e) In 1 977, The UN declared 8 March as International Women's Day for the whole world.

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C. Fil in the gaps:

- 1. We celebrate International Women's Day on <u>8 March.</u>
- 2. On <u>8 March 1857</u>, women of garment workers in New York went on strike.
- 3. In 1908, <u>20,000 women</u> walking out for <u>14 days</u>.
- 4. In <u>1910</u>, the German socialist <u>Clara Zetkin</u> called for an International Women's Day.
- 5. In <u>1977</u>, The <u>United Nation</u> declared 8 March as International Women's Day for the <u>whole world</u>.

Topic-3: Violence against women

A. <u>One Sentence Question Answer:</u>

1. Write a demerit of violence against women. (2018)

Answer: Dowry system makes women into a burden on society is one of the demerits of violence against women.

2. What will happen by violating law? (2017)

Answer: Law violations usually lead to penalties like fines, criminal offenses to more severe punishments. The severity of the punishment should reflect the severity of the violation.

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B. Creative Question Answer:

1. What is violence against women? Why are women oppressed? Write 4 ways to prevent violence against women. (2018)

Answer: The Violence against women means any act of gender-

based violence that results in, physical, or mental harm or suffering to women.

Women are oppressed because-----

- a) Women have lower social status than men.
- b) Murder or attack by acid for failing to pay the requested dowry.
- c) Flogging for religious offences.

Four ways to prevent violence against women are:

- a) The Ministry of women and Children Affairs of Bangladesh works to resist violence against women.
- b) By stopping all kinds of oppression, injustice and violence against women.
- c) By creating public awareness among them.
- d) By providing medical treatment, legal assistance and counseling support.

2. What is violence against women? Amnesty International describes various incidents of violence against women, describe the effects of violence against women:

Answer: The Violence against women means any act of genderbased violence that results in, physical, or mental harm or suffering to women.

Effects of violence against women are:

- a) Dowry system makes women into a burden on society.
- b) In many cases, girls are not able to go out and make friends without the permission of their families because their families think that it may harm their reputation.
- c) Girls sometimes cannot receive proper education of work because of fear of violence.

C. Fil in the gaps:

- a) There are many international <u>policies</u> to address gender equality.
- b) Amnesty International describes various incidents of violence against women.
- c) The causes of our dowry system make women into a <u>burden</u> on society.
- d) In many cases, girls are not able to go out and make <u>friends</u> without the permission of their families.
- e) Girls sometimes cannot receive proper education because of fear of violence.
- f) We have a <u>dedicated</u> Ministry of Women and Children's Affair to combat 'hence against women and children.
- g) In 2011 the government passed a National women Development Policy.

D. Match the right-side words with the left-side words from topic-1, 2, 3:

Left Side	Right Side
a) Begum Rokeya was	1) In 1932
b) Begum Rokeya believed in	2) Rokeya Day by the government of Bangladesh.
c) Begum Rokeya was born	3) Women garment workers in New York went on strike.
d) In 1909 Begum Rokeya opened	4) and an eight-hour working day.
e) Begum Rokeya died	5) a pioneer of women's rights in the Indian subcontinent.
f) Now 9 December is commemorated as	6)The German socialist Clara Zetkin called for an International Women's day.
g) On 8 March 1857	7) In Rangpur in 1880.
h) They demanded equal pay to men	8) A girl's school at Bhagolpur.
i) The strike was broken	9) Russia celebrated Women's Day.
j) On 8 March 1908 the garments workers	10) Declared 8 March as International Women's
with 20000	Day for the whole World.
k) In 1910 at an international socialist conference	11) cooperation between men and women.
1) In 1913	12) Acknowledge women's right as basic human rights.
m) In 1977 the UN	13) walking out for 14 days
n) Girls sometimes cannot receive	14) up by police, and some women were arrested.
o) In 2011	15) to go out and make friends without the permission of their families.
p) But women are often	16) proper education or work because of fear of violence.
q) Girls are not able	17) the government passed a National Women Development Policy.
	18) the victims of violence.

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Answer: a+ 5 **b**+11 c+7 **d+8** e+1 **f+2** g+3 h+4 i+14 j+13 **k+6** l+9 m+10 **n+16 o+17 p+18** q+15

PS: Here is included the PEC questions answers, study these as well as the lecture sheet.

Thank you Samia Laboni