

1. Rearrange the following sentences in correct order in your answer script. You do not need to reproduce the sentences in your script. Only the corresponding numbers of the sentences need to be written.

- (a) He told the young man that he also would go to Rangamati town.
- (b) He was going to Rangamati town from his house.
- (c) He hit upon a plan to take away all the belongings of the young man.
- (d) He asked him how he would go to Rangamati town.
- (e) Once a young man lost his way in the forest of Chattogram Hill Tracts.
- (f) The young man got afraid and left the place running away.
- (g) On the way, he came across a tribal person.
- (h) The robber took him to a deep forest, took away his belongings and asked him to run away if he liked to save his life.
- (i) The tribal person was a robber.
- (j) He told the young man just to follow him.

Self Practice

2. Rearrange the following sentences in correct order in your answer script. You do not need to reproduce the sentences in your script. Only the corresponding numbers of the sentences need to be written.

- (a) So, he went away saying that the grapes were so sour.
- (b) He decided to get some of the fine grapes.
- (c) He was in search of food in the forest.
- (d) He began to jump up to reach the grapes.
- (e) After some time, he came to a vineyard.
- (f) Once a fox became so hungry.
- (g) At last, he found it useless to try any more.
- (h) But the grapes were hanging high up.
- (i) He was tempted by the fine bunches of ripe grapes.
- (j) So, he was not able to get at them.

Self Practice

3. Rearrange the following sentences in correct order in your answer script. You do not need to reproduce the sentences in your script. Only the corresponding numbers of the sentences need to be written.

- (a) The water level rose and it drank the water to its heart's content.
- (b) It started dropping the stones into the jar
- (c) It became frustrated and started leaving the place.
- (d) At last, it found a jar.
- (e) On a summer day, a crow became very thirsty.
- (f) There was a little water at the bottom of the jar.
- (g) Just then it saw some stones nearby.
- (h) It went here and there in search of water but in vain.
- (i) It tried to drink but could not.
- (j) It grew so thirsty that it thought that it would die.

Self Practice

4. Rearrange the following sentences in correct order in your answer script. You do not need to reproduce the sentences in your script. Only the corresponding numbers of the sentences need to be written.

- (a) The boy gladly agreed; so the rich man took him to his house and took care of him.
- (b) He lived on a slice of bread only.
- (c) Mr. Murshed, a wealthy man, was sitting on a bench nearby.
- (d) Ratan was a poor orphan boy.
- (e) He observed the miserable condition of the poor boy.
- (f) He looked so hungry and gloomy.
- (g) He lived in the streets of Dhaka city.
- (h) One day, he was sitting by the lake in Ramna Park.
- (i) He collected it by begging.
- (j) He called the boy to him, asked him if he would go to his house with him.

1. Match the texts given in column 'A' and column 'B' to write five complete sentences.

A	B
(i) Charity is	only of the sufferings of humanity
(ii) It leads	a popular saying
(iii) It makes	a human quality
(iv) A man of true charity thinks	one's heart generous
(v) 'Charity begins at home' is	men to have sympathy for the fellowmen and do them good

2. Match the texts given in column 'A' and column 'B' to write five complete sentences.

A	B
(i) Music is	the production of his own tunes
(ii) Man invented it	popular even among the savage races of dark ages
(iii) The symphony of birds and sounds of nature influenced	art which can drive away fatigue, dullness and misery of life
(iv) Music was	an old human phenomenon
(v) Music is an	out of his inborn love for tune

3. Match the texts given in column 'A' and column 'B' to write five complete sentences.

A	B
(i) Superstition is the	us from behind, we become upset
(ii) We are	a serious handicap in modern life
(iii) On the eve of our departure from any place, if anybody sneezes, yawns, calls	education, the development of the reason and of a scientific mind
(iv) There is no doubt that superstition is	superstitious when we believe that natural events can be due to supernatural forces
(v) The only cure of superstition is	child of folly and lack of reason

4. Match the texts given in column 'A' and column 'B' to write five complete sentences.

A	B
(i) We live	lot of duties and responsibilities to the society
(ii) So, we must learn to live	other's rights and privileges and likes and dislikes as we expect others to respect ours
(iii) We have to respect	at making each individual fully aware of these duties and responsibilities
(iv) We have a	in a society
(v) Education should aim	in peace and amity with others

5. Match the texts given in column 'A' and column 'B' to write five complete sentences.

A	B
(i) Gypsies are	originally the natives of India
(ii) They do not have	to possess strange powers
(iii) They were	fortune of people by reading the palm of their hands
(iv) They were believed	a tribe of strange people

Read the text below and complete it with suitable words given in the box.

poverty	father	home	at	West	education
school	he	on	into	then	

We all have heard the name of Kazi Nazrul Islam. Nazrul was born (a) — an aristocratic Muslim family (b) — Jaistha 11, 1306 BS (c) — Churulia of Burdwan in (d) — Bengal. He lost his (e) — in his early life. (f) — had to struggle through (g) —. He received his primary (h) — at the local primary (i) —. He fled away from (j) — to Asansol and became a baker's boy.

Read the text below and complete it with suitable words given in the box.

of	usually	its	it	tall	crop
the	from	feet	of	exchange	

Jute is grown almost in all parts of Bangladesh. It is a kind (a) — fibre. It is got (b) — the bark of a (c) — plant. The jute plant (d) — grows six to ten (e) — long. It is called (f) — golden fibre of Bangladesh. (g) — is the main cash (h) — of Bangladesh. The soil (i) — Bangladesh is suitable for (j) — cultivation.

Read the text below and complete it with suitable words given in the box.

in	tea	or	Sylhet	the	in
the	guests	all	in	prepare	

Tea is regarded as a cash crop in Bangladesh. Tea is prepared from (a) — leaves. Nowadays, it is (b) — most popular drink. Almost (c) — men have tea once (d) — twice a day. The (e) — are entertained with tea. (f) — tea plant grows mainly (g) — China, Indonesia, Japan, etc. (h) — Bangladesh, tea is cultivated (i) — the hilly areas of (j) — and Chattogram.

Read the text below and complete it with suitable words given in the box.

on	of	wide	a	the	old
a	some	capital	metres	nice	

There are some historical sites in Bangladesh. Mahasthangarh was the site (a) — Pundranagar. Pundranagar was the (b) — of Hindu kings. The (c) — city was about 2000 (d) — long and 1500 metres (e) —. It was surrounded by (f) — wall. Once it was (g) — beautiful city. It stands (h) — the western bank of (i) — river Korotoa. There are (j) — other places near Mahasthangarh.

Read the text below and complete it with suitable words given in the box.

target	behaviour	to	again	in	be
undisciplined	and	can	is	rule	

Discipline is practised almost in all aspects of life. Discipline in student life (a) — strictly taught in schools (b) — colleges. The students have (c) — follow certain codes of (d) —. A well disciplined student (e) — make a good result (f) — the examination. But an (g) — student fails again and (h) —. He never fulfils his (i) —. So, the students must (j) — disciplined.

Read the text below and complete it with suitable words given in the box.

and	bears	shirt	railway	goods	given
wearing	his	person	he	know	

Some people like a railway porter are to do odd jobs to maintain their livelihood. A railway porter carries (a) — in a railway station. (b) — is quite a familiar (c) —. He wears a red (d) —. He is usually seen (e) — a brass plate on (f) — chest. The brass plate (g) — his number. It is (h) — to him by the (i) — authority. Usually, he is strong (j) — stout.

Read the text below and complete it with suitable words given in the box.

gradually	person	so	for	in	his
bad	diseases	is	smoke	diseases	

Smoking can never bring good to anyone. It is a very (a) — habit. It harms a (b) — a great lot. He cannot prevent (c) —. As a result, he (d) — attacked with various lungs (e) —. He cannot study attentively (f) — long hours. He loses (g) — physical and mental strength. (h) — he faces death. (i) — we all should bear (j) — mind that we should never smoke.