

Class-5

Subject-Mathematics

Chapter-13 (Data Arrangement)

Date: 03/11/2020

Lecture- 04 (Solution)

1) 12, 14, 24, 29, 16, 12, 9, 29, 20, 16, 28, 12, 8, 29, 12, 6, 22, 28 are some data.

a) Arrange the given data in ascending order.

b) Make a frequency distribution table taking as a class interval 5.

c) Draw the histogram of given data. Solution:

a) The given data are arranged in ascending order: 6, 8, 9, 12, 12, 12, 12, 14, 16, 16, 20, 22, 24, 28, 28, 29, 29, 29.

b) Lowest value of the data = 6

Highest value of the data = 29

∴ Range = (29 - 6) + 1 = 23+1 = 24

Here, Class interval = 5

: Number of class with class interval 5 = $\frac{24}{5}$ = 4.8 \approx 5

Now a frequency distribution table taking 5 as class interval is made below:

Class interval	Tally	Frequency
5-9	111	3
10 – 14	Ш	5
15 – 19	11	2
20 – 24	111	3
25 - 29	Ļт	5
	Total = 18	

c) c) A histogram is drawn according to the table:



2) The histogram on the below shows the weight of all the Grade 5 students in one school.



Weight of Grade 5 students

- a) How many Grade 5 students are there in this school?
- b) What class includes more students than others?
- c) How many percent of students are there in the class 35 39?
- d) How many percent of students are less than or equal to 29 kilograms in weight?

Solution:

a) There are = 2+3+6+7+5+2 = 25 students of Grade 5 in this school.

Ans: 25 students.

b) The class 35 – 39 includes more students than others.
Ans: 35 – 39.

c) There are 7 students in the class 35 – 39.

Total students = 25

∴ Percent of students in the class $35 - 39 = \frac{7}{25} \times 100\%$ = 28%

Ans: 28%

d) (2+3) or 5 students are less than or equal to 29 kg in weight.

Total students = 25

 \therefore The percent of students who are less than or equal to 29 kg in weight

$$=\frac{5}{25} \times 100\%$$

= 20%

Ans: 20%

3) The marks obtained by some students in Mathematics are: 75, 63, 75, 75, 71, 75, 63, 72, 72, 69, 72, 70, 61, 75, 60, 71, 69, 63, 65, 69.

- a) How many students are there in given data?
- b) What are the minimum and maximum marks in the given data?
- c) Make a distribution table of given data.

Solution:

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a) Number of student in the given data is 20
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Ans: 20 students.

b) Minimum marks = 60

Maximum marks = 75

c) The given data are arranged in ascending order: 60, 61, 63, 63, 63, 65, 69, 69, 69, 70, 71, 71, 72, 72, 72, 75, 75, 75, 75, 75.

Lowest value of the data = 60

Highest value of the data = 75

∴ Range = (75 - 60) + 1 = 15+1 = 16

: Number of class with class interval 5 = $\frac{16}{5}$ = 3.2 \approx 4

A distribution table of given data is given below:

Marks	Tally	Number of students
60 – 64	Ш	5
65 – 69	1111	4
70 – 74	Ш	6
75 - 79	Ш	5

Total = 20

4) Village – A has 550 people in the area of 50 sq. km and village – B has the area of 20 sq. km and population density is 16 people / sq. km.

- a. Write the formula of population density.
- b. Determine the population density of village A.
- c. Determine the population of village B.
- d. Determine the difference between the populations of two villages.

Solution:

a) Population density = $\frac{Population}{Area}$

b) For village - A,

Population = 550

Area = 50 sq. km

We know,

Population density = $\frac{Population}{Area}$ = $\frac{550}{50}$ People / sq. km = 11 People / sq. km

Ans: 11 People / sq. km.

c) For Village – B,

Area = 20 sq. km

Population density = 16 People / sq. km

We know,

Population = Population density × Area

= (16×20) people

= 320 people

Ans: 320 people.

d) Village – A has 550 people

From 'c' we get,

Village – B has 320 people

 \therefore Difference between the population of two villages = (550 - 320) People

= 230 people

Ans: 230 people.

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