

First in
Class
First in
Life



Cosmo School

Prepared By *Mahbuba Jahan Mollika*
(Assistant Teacher-Main Campus)

Class:5
Subject: Islam & Moral Education

Date:06/10/2020
Day: Wednesday

Chapter-5

Lecture-4

Day-4

Al-Miraj

After the severe shocks due to death of Abu Taleb and Khadiza (R) and the cruel and harsh treatment received at Taef, Hazrat Muhammad (Sm) longed for some comfort and solace. Soon he got it in the form of a remarkable and eventful night journey to Jerusalem called "Al-Isra", an ascent to heaven in the same night called "Al-Miraj". Al-Miraj was the most remarkable event for the Prophet Hazrat Muhammad (Sm). Allah honoured him by this unique and extraordinary journey (Miraj) during which Hazrat Muhammad (Sm) saw with his own eyes the glory and majesty of Allah. It strengthened his faith that Allah was always with him.



Baitul Muqad-das

00 The Prophet (Sm) himself gave details about the journey and the ascent. He said that the Angel Jibrail awoke him from his sleep and took him to Al-Masjidul Aksa at Jerusalem (Baitul Muqad-das). In Jerusalem he met all the previous Prophets including Adam, Ibrahim, Musa, Isa and Harun. He led them in prayer (Namaz). He was then taken to different heavens and he saw the paradise (Heavens) and the Hells. The most important of all was his experience of the glory and majesty of Allah. Five times daily prayers (Namaz) were laid down for Muslims at the time of Miraj. Being inspired at this, he continued to preach Islam in full swing.

Emigration To Madina

In the year 621 A.D a group of 12 people came to Makkah from Madina during Hajj season and met secretly with great Prophet (Sm) and embraced Islam.

Next year, a group of 75 people including 2 females came to Makkah and embraced Islam at the hands of our Prophet (Sm) at Akaba. They invited great Prophet (Sm) to migrate to Madina and promised to extend all sorts of co-operation in this regard.

When the opposition of the Kafirs of Makkah created obstacles to the preaching of Islam and the oppression of the Kafirs grew, he directed his sahabees to emigrate to Madina but himself waited Allah's orders.

Prophet had Firm Faith on Allah

At last, Hazrat Muhammad (Sm) secretly left one night in the year C.E with Abu Baker. A specially formed group of unbelievers lay in wait around the Prophet's (Sm) house to kill him. In the morning the unbelievers found Ali (R) in the Prophet's bed .They looked very foolish and became very shy to see Ali (R), Prophets trustee. They became very angry and furious. The Prophet (m) and his comapanion Abu Baker (R) had left before dawn and proceeded to a Cave called Sawor to the south of Makkah. They stayed there for three days.



Sawor Cave

After a tiresome, exhausting and very difficult journey which involved staying three days inside the cave, the Prophet (Sm) accompanied by Abu Bakar (R) entered Madina on 24 September, 622 A.D. All sorts of people at Madina, old and young, welcomed Prophet Hazrat Muhammad (Sm). All were overjoyed and started celebration in every house.

Migration (Hijrat) of our famous Prophet (Sm) was a very significant and important event in the history of Islam. The religion of Islam got a new speed and new strength.

Muhazirs means emigrants. Those who migrated from Makkah to Madina are called 'Muhazirs' and those who gave shelter at Madina and rendered help and co-operation are called 'Ansars'. Ansar means helper.

Worksheet 4

One Line Questions:

1. What is called Al-Isra?
2. What is Al meraj?
3. When Prophet (sm) did go to Meraj?
4. What was most remarkable event for Prophet (Sm)?
5. Who did awake him from his sleep?
6. Where did Angel Jibrail took him?
7. Where is the Al Masjidul Aksa situated?
8. Whom did Prophet (Sm) meet in Jerusalem?
9. What were laid down for Muslims at the time of Miraj?
10. How many people did come next year to Prophet (Sm) at Akaba?
11. What is the meaning of Muhazirs?
12. Who are called Muhazirs?
13. Who are called Ansar?
14. What is the meaning of Ansars?
15. When did Prophet (sm) entered into Madina /migrated to Madina?

Fill in the blanks:

1. Hazrat Muhammad (Sm) was shocked due to death of _____ and _____.
2. _____ was a remarkable event for Prophet (Sm).
3. The angel _____ awoke him from his sleep and took him to -----.
4. Another name of Al-Masjidul Aksa is-----
5. Five times daily ----- were laid down at the time.
6. The cave to the south Makkah called -----.