

CHT will be held on 4th November, 2020.

Answer Sheet**Chapter- 12: Bangladesh in World politics****Topic-1: United Nations**

- **At first Study the lecture sheet**

A. One Sentence Question Answer:

- 1) **Answer:** 24 October has been celebrated as United Nations Day since 1948.
- 2) **Answer:** On 17 September 1974 Bangladesh became a member of the UN.
- 3) **Answer:** There are six main branches of the UN.
- 4) **Answer:** There are 195 countries in the world.
- 5) **Answer:** The United Nations was formed after the losses of the Second World War, in 24 October 1945.
- 6) **Answer:** At present there are 193 members in the United Nations.
- 7) **Answer:** Economic and Social Council is the name of a development organization of the United Nations.

B. Creative Question Answer:

- 1) **Answer:** The United Nations was formed after the losses of the Second World War, in 24 October 1945. The main aim behind the formation of this organisation is to establish world peace.

Four objectives of forming the organization are:

- a) To maintain international peace and security
- b) To develop friendly relations among nations
- c) To achieve international cooperation in solving problems of an economic, social, cultural, and human nature

- d) To be a centre for harmonizing the actions of nations
- e) To show respect on liberty and fundamental rights of irrespective of our nation, religion, and cast.

2) Answer: The United Nations is an intergovernmental organization that aims to maintain international peace and security.

Six development organizations of United Nations are:

- a) UNICEF
- b) World Bank
- c) UNESCO
- d) FAO.
- e) UNDP
- f) WHO

3) Answer: The name of the organization is the United Nations. The United Nations has six branches.

Three main purposes of forming the United Nations are:

- a) To maintain international peace and security
- b) To develop friendly relations among nations
- c) To achieve international cooperation in solving problems of an economic, social, cultural, and human nature

4) Answer: The UN was formed in in 24 October 1945.

Two administrative branches of the UN are__

- i) General Assembly and
- ii) Security Council

Four objectives for the formation of UN are:

- a) To maintain international peace and security
- b) To develop friendly relations among nations
- c) To achieve international cooperation in solving problems of an economic, social, cultural, and human nature
- d) To be a centre for harmonizing the actions of nations

C. Fill in the blanks (answer):

- 1) 195
- 2) 193.
- 3) brotherhood, cooperation
- 4) 24 October 1945.
- 5) On 17 September 1974
- 6) once
- 7) In 1986
- 8) five
- 9) peacekeeping.

Topic-2: UN development organisations

A. One Sentence Question Answer:

- 1) **Answer:** UNESCO has been declared 21st February’ as the ‘International Mother Language Day’.
- 2) **Answer:** UNICEF works for the development of the children.
- 3) **Answer:** United Nations International Children’s Emergency Fund (UNICEF).
- 4) **Answer:** In 1986.
- 5) **Answer:** The full form of UNICEF is United Nations International Children’s Emergency Fund.
- 6) **Answer:** FAO is the abbreviation of Food and Agriculture Organisation.

B. Creative Question Answer:

1) **Answer:** The full form of UNICEF is United Nations International Children’s Emergency Fund. The UNICEF was formed to provide relief to the deprived children during the Second World War.

Four functions of the UNICEF are:

- a) Ensuring primary education for the children.
 - b) Protecting the health of the mothers and the children.
 - c) Providing vaccination to the children.
 - d) Supplying pure drinking water in the villages.
- 2) **Answer:** World Health organization is a development organization of the UN. Its activities are divided in different regions of the world so that health preservation and awareness is created about health issues.
- Four activities that can be done in my locality for health safety are:
- a) Specific place to dump waste should be created and they should be kept covered.
 - b) To notice if excess water is logging anywhere on the road.
 - c) To observe if everyone is getting pure water.
 - d) To know if everyone is using the healthy sanitary system.

C. Fill in the blanks (answer):

- 1) six
- 2) UNICEF
- 3) Rome, Italy.
- 4) long-term
- 5) Washington in the USA.
- 6) 7 April.
- 7) UNESCO
- 8) International Mother Language Day.

D. Match the right side words with the left side words (answer):

a+ viii

b+ vii

c+ ii

d+ x
e+ ix
f+ i
g+ iii
h+ iv
i+ vi
j+ xii
k+ xiii
l+ xiv
m+ xv

Topic-3: SAARC

A. One Sentence Question Answer:

- 1) **Answer:** SAARC was formed in December 1985.
- 2) **Answer:** Now SAARC has eight members.
- 3) **Answer:** The main objectives of SAARC is to accelerate the economic, social, and cultural development of the member countries.
- 4) **Answer:** SAARC.
- 5) **Answer:** The names of the member countries of SAARC are:
 1. Bangladesh
 2. Bhutan
 3. Sri Lanka
 4. Maldives
 5. Pakistan
 6. Nepal
 7. India
 8. Afghanistan
- 6) **Answer:** Eight.

B. Creative Question Answer:

1) **Answer:** SAARC is South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation.

SAARC was formed in 1985.

Four objectives of SAARC are:

- a) To accelerate the economic, social, and cultural development of the member countries.
- b) To help the member countries become self-reliant.
- c) To protect the freedom of the member countries and their geo-political integrity.
- d) To create brotherhood and mutual friendship among the member countries.

2) **Answer:** The full form of SAARC is South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation. It was formed in 1985.

Three objectives of SAARC are:

- a) To accelerate the economic, social, and cultural development of the member countries.
- b) To help the member countries become self-reliant.
- c) To protect the freedom of the member countries and their geo-political integrity.
- d) To create brotherhood and mutual friendship among the member countries.

3) **Answer:** Five objectives of SAARC are:

- a) To accelerate the economic, social, and cultural development of the member countries.
- b) To help the member countries become self-reliant.
- c) To protect the freedom of the member countries and their geo-political integrity.
- d) To create brotherhood and mutual friendship among the member countries.
- e) To make sure that one nation does not interfere in another nation's internal affairs.

C. Fill in the blanks (answer):

- 1) South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation.
- 2) December 1985.
- 3) 2007.
- 4) seven
- 5) economic, cultural development
- 6) self-reliant.
- 7) brotherhood, mutual friendship
- 8) freedom, geo-political
- 9) interfere

D. Match the right side words with the left side words (answer):

- a+ vi
- b+ x
- c+ i
- d+ vii
- e+ viii
- f+ ii
- g+ ix
- h+ v
- i+ iii
- j+ iv

Thank You
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