

Lecture Sheet: 02 Science (Chapter-10: Acid, Base and Salt) Class: VIII

Properties of Acids and Bases

1. Properties of Acids

- ✓ Acids are corrosive in nature.
- ✓ They are good conductors of electricity.
- ✓ Their pH values are always less than 7.
- ✓ When reacted with metals, these substances produce hydrogen gas.
- ✓ All acids react with carbonate and produce Carbon dioxide.
- ✓ Acids are sour-tasting substances.



Complete the following reactions



- 1. $Mg + HCl \rightarrow$
- 2. $Ca + HNO_3 \rightarrow$
- 3. $Zn + H_2SO_4 \longrightarrow$
- 4. $CaCO_3 + HCl \rightarrow$
- 5. NaHCO₂ + HCl \rightarrow

2. Properties of Bases

- ✓ They are found to have a soapy texture when touched.
- ✓ These substances release hydroxide ions (OH⁻ ions) when dissolved in water.
- ✓ In their aqueous solutions, bases act as good conductors of electricity.
- ✓ The pH values corresponding to bases are always greater than 7.
- ✓ Bases are bitter-tasting substances which have the ability to turn red litmus paper blue.



Complete the following reactions



- 1. $Ca(OH)_2 + H2SO_4 \longrightarrow$
- 2. NaOH + HCl \rightarrow
- 3. KOH + $HNO_3 \rightarrow$
- 4. $NH_4OH + H2SO_4 \rightarrow$
- 5. $Ca(OH)_2 + 2H_3PO_4 \longrightarrow$

Q. Write down five differences between acid and base.

Acid	Base

3. Neutral Substances

The neutral substance is a substance which has no acid or base properties, has the same amount of hydrogen and hydroxyl ions, and does not modify the colour of the litmus surface.

- ✓ These substances do not display any acidic or basic characteristics.
- ✓ Their pH values approximate to 7.
- ✓ Neutral substances have no effect on red or blue litmus paper.
- ✓ The pH of pure water is exactly 7.